

RHBDD1 siRNA (m): sc-152844

BACKGROUND

RHBDD1 (rhomboid domain containing 1) is a 315 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the peptidase S54 family. A recent report suggests that RHBDD1 releases BIK by cleaving the C-terminal TM domain from the membrane at a GG motif. Although RHBDD1 is shown to localize predominantly in the mitochondria, it was suggested that RHBDD1 might be translocated to the ER to cleave ER-associated BIK. Existing as two alternatively spliced isoforms, the RHBDD1 gene is conserved in canine, bovine, mouse, rat, chicken and zebrafish, and maps to human chromosome 2q36.3. As the second largest human chromosome, chromosome 2 makes up approximately 8% of the human genome and contains 237 million bases encoding over 1,400 genes. A number of genetic diseases are linked to genes on chromosome 2. Harlequin ichthyosis, a rare skin deformity, is associated with mutations in the ABCA12 gene. The lipid metabolic disorder sitosterolemia is associated with ABCG5 and ABCG8. An extremely rare recessive genetic disorder, Alström syndrome, is related to mutations in the ALMS1 gene.

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Rhbdd1 (mouse) mapping to 1 C5.

PRODUCT

RHBDD1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see RHBDD1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152844-SH and RHBDD1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152844-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of RHBDD1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152844A, sc-152844B and sc-152844C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

RHBDD1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of RHBDD1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor RHBDD1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: RHBDD1 (m)-PR: sc-152844-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.