



▶ RIOK2 siRNA (m): sc-152973

BACKGROUND

The phosphorylation and dephosphorylation of proteins on serine and threonine residues is an essential means of regulating a broad range of cellular functions in eukaryotes, including cell division, homeostasis and apoptosis. A group of proteins that are intimately involved in this process are the serine/threonine (Ser/Thr) protein kinases. RIOK2 (RIO kinase 2) is a 552 amino acid protein that contains one protein kinase domain and belongs to the RIO subfamily of atypical Ser/Thr protein kinases. RIOK2 functions to catalyze the ATP-dependent phosphorylation of target proteins and is thought to play an important role in ribosome biogenesis and cell cycle progression.

REFERENCES

1. Hanks, S.K., Quinn, A.M. and Hunter, T. 1988. The protein kinase family: conserved features and deduced phylogeny of the catalytic domains. *Science* 241: 42-52.
2. Hunter, T. 1991. Protein kinase classification. *Methods Enzymol.* 200: 3-37.
3. Hanks, S.K. and Quinn, A.M. 1991. Protein kinase catalytic domain sequence database: identification of conserved features of primary structure and classification of family members. *Methods Enzymol.* 200: 38-62.
4. Jin, J., Smith, F.D., Stark, C., Wells, C.D., Fawcett, J.P., Kulkarni, S., Metalnikov, P., O'Donnell, P., Taylor, P., Taylor, L., Zougman, A., Woodgett, J.R., Langeberg, L.K., Scott, J.D. and Pawson, T. 2004. Proteomic, functional, and domain-based analysis of *in vivo* 14-3-3 binding proteins involved in cytoskeletal regulation and cellular organization. *Curr. Biol.* 14: 1436-1450.
5. LaRonde-LeBlanc, N. and Wlodawer, A. 2005. The RIO kinases: an atypical protein kinase family required for ribosome biogenesis and cell cycle progression. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1754: 14-24.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *RioK2* (mouse) mapping to 17 A3.2.

PRODUCT

RIOK2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see RIOK2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152973-SH and RIOK2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152973-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of RIOK2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152973A, sc-152973B and sc-152973C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

RIOK2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of RIOK2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor RIOK2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: RIOK2 (m)-PR: sc-152973-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.