

# SGLT-4 siRNA (m): sc-153420

## BACKGROUND

Glucose is the main source of energy for mammalian cells and its entry is mediated by various transporters. This process involves seven facilitative (GLUT-1 to -7) and multiple members of the SGLT family. SGLT family members use the electrochemical gradient of two sodium ions to transport one glucose molecule. The mRNA of SGLTs increase steadily from the fetal period to maturity along with an increase in their functional activity. SGLT-4 (sodium/glucose cotransporter 4), also known as SLC5A9 (solute carrier family 5 member 9), is a 681 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that participates in the sodium-dependent transport of D-fructose, D-mannose and D-glucose. A member of the sodium:solute symporter (SSF) family, SGLT-4 is found in small intestine and kidney.

## REFERENCES

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3. Wallner, E.L., Wada, J., Tramonti, G., Lin, S. and Kanwar, Y.S. 2001. Status of glucose transporters in the mammalian kidney and renal development. *Ren. Fail.* 23: 301-310.
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6. Tazawa, S., Yamato, T., Fujikura, H., Hiratochi, M., Itoh, F., Tomae, M., Takemura, Y., Maruyama, H., Sugiyama, T., Wakamatsu, A., Isogai, T. and Isaji, M. 2005. SLC5A9/SGLT-4, a new Na<sup>+</sup>-dependent glucose transporter, is an essential transporter for mannose, 1,5-anhydro-D-glucitol, and fructose. *Life Sci.* 76: 1039-1050.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Slc5a9 (mouse) mapping to 4 D1.

## PRODUCT

SGLT-4 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SGLT-4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-153420-SH and SGLT-4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-153420-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SGLT-4 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-153420A, sc-153420B and sc-153420C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

SGLT-4 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SGLT-4 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SGLT-4 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SGLT-4 (m)-PR: sc-153420-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.