

SH3TC1 siRNA (m): sc-153441

BACKGROUND

SH3TC1 (SH3 domain and tetratricopeptide repeats-containing protein 1) is a 1,336 amino acid protein containing one Src-homology 3 (SH3) domain and nine tetratricopeptide (TPR) repeats. SH3 domains bind to proline-rich peptides, and tertiary interactions involving loops on the SH3 domain lead to increased binding affinity and specificity. TPR domains play an important role in protein-protein interactions. The gene encoding SH3TC1 maps to human chromosome 4, which houses nearly 6% of the human genome and has the largest gene deserts (regions of the genome with no protein encoding genes) of all of the human chromosomes. Defects in some of the genes located on chromosome 4 are associated with Huntington's disease, Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, methylmalonic acidemia and polycystic kidney disease.

REFERENCES

- Howard, T.D., Gutmacher, A.E., McKinnon, W., Sharma, M., McKusick, V.A. and Jabs, E.W. 1997. Autosomal dominant postaxial polydactyly, nail dystrophy, and dental abnormalities map to chromosome 4p16, in the region containing the Ellis-van Creveld syndrome locus. *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 61: 1405-1412.
- Dobson, C.M., Wai, T., Leclerc, D., Wilson, A., Wu, X., Dore, C., Hudson, T., Rosenblatt, D.S. and Gravel, R.A. 2002. Identification of the gene responsible for the cblA complementation group of vitamin B₁₂-responsive methylmalonic acidemia based on analysis of prokaryotic gene arrangements. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 99: 15554-15559.
- Rubinsztein, D.C. and Carmichael, J. 2003. Huntington's disease: molecular basis of neurodegeneration. *Expert Rev. Mol. Med.* 5: 1-21.
- Velinov, M., Kupferman, J., Gu, H., Macera, M.J., Babu, A., Jenkins, E.C. and Kupchik, G. 2005. Polycystic kidneys and del (4)(q21.1q21.3): further delineation of a distinct phenotype. *Eur. J. Med. Genet.* 48: 51-55.
- Hillier, L.W., Graves, T.A., Fulton, R.S., Fulton, L.A., Pepin, K.H., Minx, P., Wagner-McPherson, C., Layman, D., Wylie, K., Sekhon, M., Becker, M.C., Fewell, G.A., Delehaunty, K.D., Miner, T.L., Nash, W.E., Kremitzki, C., et al. 2005. Generation and annotation of the DNA sequences of human chromosomes 2 and 4. *Nature* 434: 724-731.
- Sjöblom, T., Jones, S., Wood, L.D., Parsons, D.W., Lin, J., Barber, T.D., Mandelker, D., Leary, R.J., Ptak, J., Silliman, N., Szabo, S., Buckhaults, P., Farrell, C., Meeh, P., Markowitz, S.D., Willis, J., Dawson, D., et al. 2006. The consensus coding sequences of human breast and colorectal cancers. *Science* 314: 268-274.
- Cagdas, D.N., Parlar, A.I., Pac, A., Tutun, U. and Balci, S. 2008. A Turkish family with Ellis-van Creveld syndrome in six siblings; linkage analysis on 4p16 region (D4S3360-D4S2366). *Genet. Couns.* 19: 387-395.
- Norremolle, A., Budtz-Jorgensen, E., Fenger, K., Nielsen, J.E., Sorensen, S.A. and Hasholt, L. 2009. 4p16.3 haplotype modifying age at onset of Huntington disease. *Clin. Genet.* 75: 244-250.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Sh3tc1 (mouse) mapping to 5 B3.

PRODUCT

SH3TC1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SH3TC1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-153441-SH and SH3TC1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-153441-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SH3TC1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-153441A, sc-153441B and sc-153441C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

SH3TC1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SH3TC1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SH3TC1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SH3TC1 (m)-PR: sc-153441-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.