

# SMCR8 siRNA (m): sc-153624

## BACKGROUND

Smith-Magenis syndrome (SMS) is a rare disorder that is characterized by multiple congenital anomalies and mental retardation, with associated sleep disturbance and behavioral abnormalities. Autistic-like behaviors and symptoms begin to develop at about 18 months of age. Although there is no cure for SMS, treatment focuses on the management of its symptoms such as treating sleep disturbance, management of behaviors, speech and occupational therapies, as well as minor medical interventions. The genetic locus of 17p11.2 is deleted in patients affected with SMS. Many studies have linked the disorder to the haploinsufficiency of the retinoic acid-induced 1 (RAI1) gene that maps within the Smith-Magenis chromosome region. SMCR8 (Smith-Magenis syndrome chromosome region candidate gene 8) is a 937 amino acid ubiquitously expressed protein that is encoded by a gene that also maps within the critical region of deletion in SMS. There are two isoforms of SMCR8 that are produced as a result of alternative splicing events.

## REFERENCES

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## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Smcr8 (mouse) mapping to 11 B2.

## PRODUCT

SMCR8 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SMCR8 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-153624-SH and SMCR8 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-153624-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SMCR8 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-153624A, sc-153624B and sc-153624C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

SMCR8 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SMCR8 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SMCR8 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SMCR8 (m)-PR: sc-153624-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.