

TDRKH siRNA (m): sc-154170

BACKGROUND

TDRKH (tudor and KH domain-containing protein), also known as TDRD2 (tudor domain-containing protein 2), is a 561 amino acid protein that contains two KH domains and one tudor domain. TDRKH exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms and interacts with HIWI and HIL12. The gene that encodes TDRKH contains roughly 21,310 bases and maps to human chromosome 1q21. With roughly 3,000 genes that span about 260 million base pairs, chromosome 1 makes up approximately 8% of the human genome. There are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1, notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria which is associated with the LMNA gene that encodes Lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tdrkh (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.1.

PRODUCT

TDRKH siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TDRKH shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-154170-SH and TDRKH shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-154170-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TDRKH (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-154170A, sc-154170B and sc-154170C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TDRKH siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of TDRKH expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TDRKH gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TDRKH (m)-PR: sc-154170-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.