

UTP6 siRNA (m): sc-154960

BACKGROUND

UTP6 (U3 small nucleolar RNA-associated protein 6 homolog), also known as C17orf40, HCA66 (hepatocellular carcinoma-associated antigen 66) or MHAT (multiple hat domains protein), is a 597 amino acid protein that belongs to the UTP6 family and contains five half-a-tetratricopeptide (HAT) repeats. HAT repeats are found only in proteins involved in RNA metabolism, and may be required for pre-rRNA processing. UTP6 is involved in nucleolar processing of pre-18S ribosomal RNA, and is localized to the nucleus. The gene encoding UTP6 maps to human chromosome 17, which makes up over 2.5% of the human genome with approximately 81 million bases encoding over 1,200 genes.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Utp6 (mouse) mapping to 11 B5.

PRODUCT

UTP6 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see UTP6 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-154960-SH and UTP6 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-154960-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of UTP6 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-154960A, sc-154960B and sc-154960C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

UTP6 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of UTP6 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

UTP6 (E-9): sc-398913 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of UTP6 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor UTP6 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: UTP6 (m)-PR: sc-154960-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.