

ZCCHC14 siRNA (m): sc-155473

BACKGROUND

Zinc-finger proteins contain DNA-binding domains and have a wide variety of functions, most of which encompass some form of transcriptional activation or repression. ZCCHC14 (zinc finger CCHC domain-containing protein 14), also known as BDG-29, is a 949 amino acid protein containing a CCHC-type zinc finger, suggesting a role in transcriptional regulation. Existing as two alternatively spliced isoforms, ZCCHC14 is encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 16q24.2 and mouse chromosome 8 E1. Chromosome 16 encodes over 900 genes in approximately 90 million base pairs, makes up nearly 3% of human cellular DNA and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16 through the CREBBP gene which encodes a critical CREB binding protein.

REFERENCES

1. Ben Hamida, C., Cavalier, L., Belal, S., Sanhaji, H., Nadal, N., Barhoumi, C., M'Rissa, N., Marzouki, N., Mandel, J.L., Ben Hamida, M., Koenig, M. and Hentati, F. 1997. Homozygosity mapping of giant axonal neuropathy gene to chromosome 16q24.1. *Neurogenetics* 1: 129-133.
2. Karlsson, J., Zhao, X., Lonskaya, I., Neptin, M., Holmdahl, R. and Andersson, A. 2003. Novel quantitative trait loci controlling development of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis and proportion of lymphocyte subpopulations. *J. Immunol.* 170: 1019-1026.
3. Forabosco, P., Gorman, J.D., Cleveland, C., Kelly, J.A., Fisher, S.A., Ortmann, W.A., Johansson, C., Johanneson, B., Moser, K.L., Gaffney, P.M., Tsao, B.P., Cantor, R.M., Alarcón-Riquelme, M.E., Behrens, T.W., et al. 2006. Meta-analysis of genome-wide linkage studies of systemic lupus erythematosus. *Genes Immun.* 7: 609-614.
4. Carneiro, L.A., Travassos, L.H. and Girardin, S.E. 2007. Nod-like receptors in innate immunity and inflammatory diseases. *Ann. Med.* 39: 581-593.
5. King, K., Bagnall, R., Fisher, S.A., Sheikh, F., Cuthbert, A., Tan, S., Mundy, N.I., Rosenstiel, P., Schreiber, S., Mathew, C.G. and Roberts, R.G. 2007. Identification, evolution, and association study of a novel promoter and first exon of the human NOD2 (CARD15) gene. *Genomics* 90: 493-501.
6. Gervasini, C., Castronovo, P., Bentivegna, A., Mottadelli, F., Faravelli, F., Giovannucci-Uzielli, M.L., Pessagno, A., Lucci-Cordisco, E., Pinto, A.M., Salvati, L., Selicorni, A., Tenconi, R., Neri, G. and Larizza, L. 2007. High frequency of mosaic CREBBP deletions in Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome patients and mapping of somatic and germ-line breakpoints. *Genomics* 90: 567-573.
7. Koop, O., Schirmacher, A., Nelis, E., Timmerman, V., De Jonghe, P., Ringelstein, B., Rasic, V.M., Evrard, P., Gärtner, J., Claeys, K.G., Appenzeller, S., Rautenstrauss, B., Hühne, K., Ramos-Arroyo, M.A., Wörle, H., et al. 2007. Genotype-phenotype analysis in patients with giant axonal neuropathy (GAN). *Neuromuscul. Disord.* 17: 624-630.
8. Tattoli, I., Travassos, L.H., Carneiro, L.A., Magalhaes, J.G. and Girardin, S.E. 2007. The nodosome: NOD1 and NOD2 control bacterial infections and inflammation. *Semin. Immunopathol.* 29: 289-301.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Zcchc14 (mouse) mapping to 8 E1.

PRODUCT

ZCCHC14 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ZCCHC14 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155473-SH and ZCCHC14 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155473-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

ZCCHC14 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of ZCCHC14 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ZCCHC14 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ZCCHC14 (m)-PR: sc-155473-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.