

ZNF777 siRNA (m): sc-155795

BACKGROUND

Zinc-finger proteins contain DNA-binding domains and have a wide variety of functions, most of which encompass some form of transcriptional activation or repression. The majority of zinc-finger proteins contain a Krüppel-type DNA binding domain and a KRAB domain, which is thought to interact with KAP1, thereby recruiting histone modifying proteins. ZNF777 (zinc finger protein 777) is a 760 amino acid nuclear protein belonging to the Krüppel C₂H₂-type zinc-finger protein family. Containing six C₂H₂-type zinc fingers and a KRAB domain, ZNF777 may be involved in transcriptional regulation. ZNF777 exists and three alternatively spliced isoforms and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 7q36.1, which houses over 1,000 genes, comprises nearly 5% of the human genome and has been linked to Osteogenesis imperfecta, Pendred syndrome, Lissencephaly, Citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

REFERENCES

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2. Thiesen, H.J. 1990. Multiple genes encoding zinc finger domains are expressed in human T cells. *New Biol.* 2: 363-374.
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4. Laity, J.H., et al. 2001. Zinc finger proteins: new insights into structural and functional diversity. *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* 11: 39-46.
5. Edelstein, L.C. and Collins, T. 2005. The SCAN domain family of zinc finger transcription factors. *Gene* 359: 1-17.
6. Gamsjaeger, R., et al. 2007. Sticky fingers: zinc-fingers as protein-recognition motifs. *Trends Biochem. Sci.* 32: 63-70.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Zfp777 (mouse) mapping to 6 B2.3.

PRODUCT

ZNF777 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ZNF777 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155795-SH and ZNF777 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155795-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ZNF777 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-155795A, sc-155795B and sc-155795C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

ZNF777 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of ZNF777 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ZNF777 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ZNF777 (m)-PR: sc-155795-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.