

Peroxin 11 β siRNA (m): sc-155931

BACKGROUND

Peroxisomes are single-membrane bound organelles present in virtually all eukaryotic cells. They are involved in numerous catabolic and anabolic pathways, including β -oxidation of very long chain fatty acids, metabolism of hydrogen peroxide, plasmalogen biosynthesis and bile acid synthesis. The Peroxin gene family, which includes more than 20 members, is required for peroxisome biogenesis. Peroxin 11 β , also known as PEX11B (peroxisomal biogenesis factor 11 β), is a 259 amino acid single-pass membrane protein belonging to the Peroxin-11 family. Involved in peroxisomal proliferation, Peroxin 11 β may participate in regulating peroxisomes division by recruiting the dynamin-related GTPase DRP1 to the peroxisomal membrane. Peroxin 11 β associates with Peroxin 19 and is encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 1q21.1

REFERENCES

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3. Li, X., et al. 2002. PEX11 β deficiency is lethal and impairs neuronal migration but does not abrogate peroxisome function. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 22: 4358-4365.
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5. Schrader, M. and Fahimi, H.D. 2006. Growth and division of peroxisomes. *Int. Rev. Cytol.* 255: 237-290.
6. Orth, T., et al. 2007. The PEROXIN11 protein family controls peroxisome proliferation in *Arabidopsis*. *Plant Cell* 19: 333-350.
7. Desai, M. and Hu, J. 2008. Light induces peroxisome proliferation in *Arabidopsis* seedlings through the photoreceptor phytochrome A, the transcription factor HY5 HOMOLOG, and the peroxisomal protein PEROXIN11b. *Plant Physiol.* 146: 1117-1127.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pex11b (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.1.

PRODUCT

Peroxin 11 β siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Peroxin 11 β shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155931-SH and Peroxin 11 β shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155931-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Peroxin 11 β (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-155931A, sc-155931B and sc-155931C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Peroxin 11 β siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Peroxin 11 β expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Peroxin 11 β gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Peroxin 11 β (m)-PR: sc-155931-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.