ALDH3A1 (h2): 293 Lysate: sc-158256



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Aldehyde dehydrogenases (ALDHs) mediate NADP+-dependent oxidation of aldehydes into acids, the metabolism of corticosteroids, biogenic amines and neurotransmitters, and lipid peroxidation. ALDH1A1, also designated retinal dehydrogenase 1 (RaIDH1 or RALDH1), aldehyde dehydrogenase family 1 member A1, aldehyde dehydrogenase cytosolic, ALDHII, ALDH-E1 or ALDH E1, is a retinal dehydrogenase that participates in the biosynthesis of retinoic acid (RA). There are two major liver isoforms of ALDH1 that can localize to cytosolic or mitochondrial space. The ALDH1A2 (RALDH2, RALDH2-T) gene produces three different transcripts and also catalyzes the synthesis of RA from retinaldehyde. ALDH1A3 (ALDH6, RALDH3, ALDH1A6) is a 37 kb gene that consists of 13 exons and produces a major transcript of approximately 3.5 kb most abundant in salivary gland, stomach and kidney. ALDH3A1 (stomach type, ALDH3, ALDHIII) forms a cytoplasmic homodimer that preferentially oxidizes aromatic aldehyde substrates. ALDH genes upregulate as a part of the oxidative stress response and appear to be abundant in certain tumors that have an accelerated metabolism toward chemotherapy agents.

REFERENCES

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- 3. Hsu, L.C., et al. 1999. Molecular analysis of two closely related mouse aldehyde dehydrogenase genes: identification of a role for ALDH1, but not ALDH-pb, in the biosynthesis of retinoic acid. Biochem. J. 339: 387-395.
- 4. Lin, M., et al. 2000. cDNA cloning and expression of a human aldehyde dehydrogenase (ALDH) active with 9-*cis*-retinal and identification of a rat ortholog, ALDH12. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 40106-40112.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ALDH3A1 (human) mapping to 17p11.2.

PRODUCT

ALDH3A1 (h2): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of human ALDH3A1 transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

ALDH3A1 (h2): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive ALDH3A1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

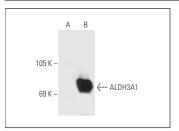
Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293 cells.

ALDH3A1 (B-8): sc-137168 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human ALDH3A1 expression in ALDH3A1 transfected 293 cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



ALDH3A1 (B-8): sc-137168. Western blot analysis of ALDH3A1 expression in non-transfected: sc-110760 (A) and human ALDH3A1 transfected: sc-158256 (B) 293 whele self-like transfer and the scale of the s

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.