

DP-1 (h2): 293T Lysate: sc-159192

BACKGROUND

The human retinoblastoma gene product appears to play an important role in the negative regulation of cell proliferation. Functional inactivation of Rb can be mediated either through mutation or as a consequence of interaction with DNA tumor virus-encoded proteins. Of all the Rb associations described to date, the identification of a complex between Rb and the transcription factor E2F most directly implicates Rb in regulation of cell proliferation. E2F was originally identified through its role in transcriptional activation of the adenovirus E2 promoter. Sequences homologous to the E2F binding site have been found upstream of a number of genes that encode proteins with putative functions in the G₁ and S phases of the cell cycle. E2F-1 forms heterodimers with a second protein, designated DP-1, forming an "active" E2F transcriptional regulatory complex. Additional members of the E2F family include E2F-2, E2F-3, E2F-4, E2F-5 and DP-2.

REFERENCES

- Helin, K., et al. 1992. A cDNA encoding a pRB-binding protein with properties of the transcription factor E2F. *Cell* 70: 337-350.
- Nevins, J.R. 1992. E2F: a link between the Rb tumor suppressor protein and viral oncoproteins. *Science* 258: 424-429.
- Helin, K., et al. 1993. Heterodimerization of the transcription factors E2F-1 and DP-1 leads to cooperative transactivation. *Genes Dev.* 7: 1850-1861.
- Krek, W., et al. 1993. Binding to DNA and the retinoblastoma gene product promoted by complex formation of different E2F family members. *Science* 262: 1557-1560.
- Ginsberg, D., et al. 1994. E2F-4, a new member of the E2F transcription factor family, interacts with p107. *Genes Dev.* 8: 2665-2679.
- Beijersbergen, R.L., et al. 1994. E2F-4, a new member of the E2F gene family, has oncogenic activity and associates with p107 *in vivo*. *Genes Dev.* 8: 2680-2690.
- Zhang, Y. and Chellappan, S.P. 1995. Cloning and characterization of human DP-2, a novel dimerization partner of E2F. *Oncogene* 10: 2085-2093.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TFDP1 (human) mapping to 13q34.

PRODUCT

DP-1 (h2): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human DP-1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

DP-1 (h2): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive DP-1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

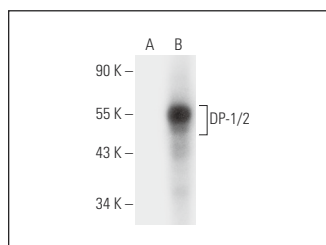
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

DP-1/2 (G-3): sc-393398 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human DP-1 expression in DP-1 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

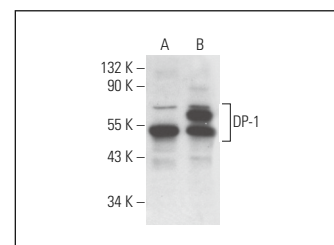
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:
1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



DP-1/2 (G-3): sc-393398. Western blot analysis of DP-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human DP-1 transfected: sc-159192 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



DP-1 (2Q471): sc-70990. Western blot analysis of DP-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human DP-1 transfected: sc-159192 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.