

# Gemin4 (A-11): sc-166017



The Power to Question

## BACKGROUND

Gemin4 is a component of the SMN core complex which, while in the cytoplasm, plays an essential role in ribonucleoprotein (snRNP) assembly, including the biogenesis, delivery and recycling of snRNPs to the spliceosome. In the nucleus, where SMN is required for pre-mRNA splicing, Gemin4 concentrates next to coiled bodies in subnuclear structures called gems, that are highly enriched in spliceosomal snRNPs and in the nucleolus. Deletion or loss-of-function mutations in the SMN lead to the neurodegenerative disease spinal muscular atrophy (SMA). The human Gemin4 maps to chromosome 17p13.3.

## REFERENCES

1. Charroux, B., et al. 2000. Gemin4. A novel component of the SMN complex that is found in both gems and nucleoli. *J. Cell Biol.* 148: 1177-1186.
2. Park, J.W., et al. 2001. Association of galectin-1 and galectin-3 with Gemin4 in complexes containing the SMN protein. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 29: 3595-3602.
3. Mourelatos, Z., et al. 2001. SMN interacts with a novel family of hnRNP and spliceosomal proteins. *EMBO J.* 20: 5443-5452.
4. Di, L., et al. 2003. HCC-associated protein HCAP1, a variant of Gemin4, interacts with zinc-finger proteins. *J. Biochem.* 133: 713-718.
5. Patterson, R.J., et al. 2004. Understanding the biochemical activities of galectin-1 and galectin-3 in the nucleus. *Glycoconj. J.* 19: 499-506.
6. Wang, J.L., et al. 2004. Nucleocytoplasmic lectins. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1673: 75-93.
7. SWISS-PROT/TrEMBL (P57678). World Wide Web URL: <http://www.expasy.ch/sprot/sprot-top.html>.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GEMIN4 (human) mapping to 17p13.3.

## SOURCE

Gemin4 (A-11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 1019-1053 at the C-terminus of Gemin4 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-166017 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

Gemin4 (A-11) is recommended for detection of Gemin4 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Gemin4 siRNA (h): sc-43799, Gemin4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43799-SH and Gemin4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43799-V.

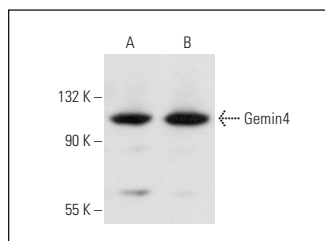
Molecular Weight of Gemin4: 120 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227, A549 cell lysate: sc-2413 or SK-N-SH cell lysate: sc-2410.

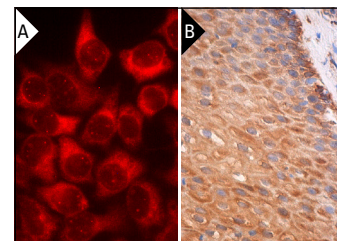
## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

## DATA



Gemin4 (A-11): sc-166017. Western blot analysis of Gemin4 expression in Hep G2 (A) and A549 (B) whole cell lysates.



Gemin4 (A-11): sc-166017. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cervix tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of squamous epithelial cells (B).

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.