SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

MAD1 (D-1): sc-166312

SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY

The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Cell cycle progression is subject to arrest at the mitotic spindle assembly checkpoint in response to incorrect spindle fiber assembly. MAD1 and MAD2 (for mitotic arrest-deficient 1 and 2) are components of the mitotic spindle checkpoint. Incorrect spindle assembly in normal cells leads to mitotic arrest. MAD1 prevents the onset of anaphase until all chromosomes are aligned correctly at the metaphase plate and is crucial for anchoring MAD2L1 to the nuclear periphery. It also plays an important role in septum positioning. MAD1 can form a homo-dimer, but may also form a heterodimer with MAD2 to form the tetrameric MAD1L1-MAD2L1 core complex. MAD1 localizes primarily to the nucleus, but during mitosis, it moves from a nuclear distribution to the centrosome, to the spindle midzone and then on to the midbody. MAD1 activity is induced by BUB1 and the protein is hyperphosphorylated after mitotic spindle damage and/or in late S through M phase. Defects in the gene encoding for MAD1, MAD1L1, play a major role in the development and progression of various cancer types.

REFERENCES

1. Jones, N. 1990. Transcriptional regulation by dimerization: two sides to an incestuous relationship. Cell 61: 9-11.
2. Dang, C.V., et al. 1991. Intracellular leucine zipper interactions suggest c-Myc hetero-oligomerization. Mol. Cell. Biol. 11: 954-962.
3. Blackwood, E.M. and Eisenman, R.N. 1991. Max: a helix-loop-helix zipper protein that forms a sequence-specific DNA-binding complex with Myc. Science 251: 1211-1217.
4. Prendergast, G.C., et al. 1991. Association of Myn, the murine homolog of Max, with c-Myc stimulates methylation-sensitive DNA binding and Ras cotransformation. Cell 65: 395-407.
5. Amati, B., et al. 1992. Oncogenic activity of the c-Myc protein requires dimerization with Max. Cell 72: 233-245.
6. Mukherjee, B., et al. 1992. Myc family oncoproteins function through a common pathway to transform normal cells in culture: cross-interference by Max and transacting dominant mutants. Genes Dev. 6: 1480-1492.
7. Ayer, D.E., et al. 1993. Mad: a heterodimeric partner for Max that antagonizes Myc transcriptional activity. Cell 72: 211-222.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MAD1L1 (human) mapping to 7p22.3; Mad1l1 (mouse) mapping to 5 G2.

SOURCE

MAD1 (D-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 491-718 mapping at the C-terminus of MAD1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG_{2b} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

MAD1 (D-1) is recommended for detection of MAD1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for MAD1 siRNA (h): sc-62577, MAD1 siRNA (m): sc-62578, MAD1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-62577-SH, MAD1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-62578-SH, MAD1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62577-V and MAD1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62578-V.

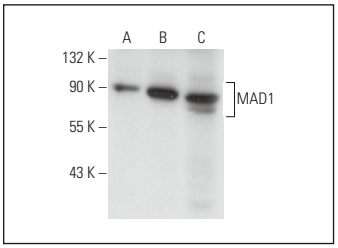
Molecular Weight of MAD1: 90 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, A-431 nuclear extract: sc-2122 or MAD1 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-121481.

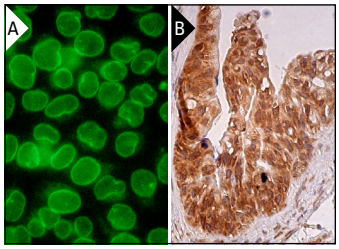
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



MAD1 (D-1): sc-166312. Western blot analysis of MAD1 expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (**A**), mouse MAD1 transfected 293T: sc-121481 (**B**) and HeLa (**C**) whole cell lysates.



MAD1 (D-1): sc-166312. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing nuclear localization (**A**). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human gall bladder tissue showing nuclear envelope and cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells (**B**).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.