

cathepsin E (E-8): sc-166343

BACKGROUND

The cathepsin family of proteolytic enzymes contains several diverse classes of proteases. The cysteine protease class comprises cathepsins B, L, H, K, S and O. The aspartyl protease class is composed of cathepsins D and E. Cathepsin G is in the serine protease class. Most cathepsins are lysosomal and each is involved in cellular metabolism, participating in various events such as peptide biosynthesis and protein degradation. Cathepsin E is a nonlysosomal, intracellular proteinase.

REFERENCES

1. Ishidoh, K., et al. 1987. Molecular cloning and sequencing of cDNA for rat cathepsin L. FEBS Lett. 223: 69-73.
2. Ishidoh, K., et al. 1987. Molecular cloning and sequencing of cDNA for rat cathepsin H. Homology in pro-peptide regions of cysteine proteases. FEBS Lett. 226: 33-37.
3. Redecker, B., et al. 1991. Molecular organization of the human cathepsin D gene. DNA Cell Biol. 10: 423-431.
4. Shi, G.P., et al. 1992. Molecular cloning and expression of human alveolar macrophage cathepsin S, an elastinolytic cysteine protease. J. Biol. Chem. 267: 7258-7262.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CTSE (human) mapping to 1q32.1; Ctse (mouse) mapping to 1 E4.

SOURCE

cathepsin E (E-8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 141-180 mapping within an internal region of cathepsin E of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

cathepsin E (E-8) is recommended for detection of cathepsin E of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for cathepsin E siRNA (h): sc-41473, cathepsin E siRNA (m): sc-41474, cathepsin E shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41473-SH, cathepsin E shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41474-SH, cathepsin E shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41473-V and cathepsin E shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41474-V.

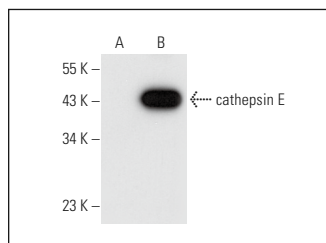
Molecular Weight of cathepsin E: 48 kDa.

Positive Controls: cathepsin E (h): 293T Lysate: sc-115648.

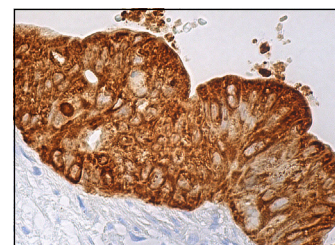
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



cathepsin E (E-8): sc-166343. Western blot analysis of cathepsin E expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human cathepsin E transfected: sc-115648 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



cathepsin E (E-8): sc-166343. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human gall bladder tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Foronjy, R.F., et al. 2015. Type-I interferons induce lung protease responses following respiratory syncytial virus infection via RIG-I-like receptors. Mucosal Immunol. 8: 161-175.
2. Necchi, V., et al. 2017. Natural history of *Helicobacter pylori* VacA toxin in human gastric epithelium *in vivo*: vacuoles and beyond. Sci. Rep. 7: 14526.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.