SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

CIS (D-2): sc-166363



BACKGROUND

Src homology (SH2) domains are noncatalytic sequences that are conserved among a number of cytoplasmic signaling proteins. These signaling proteins are directly regulated by receptor tyrosine kinases and control the activation of mitogenic signal transduction pathways by such receptors. For instance, ligand-induced activation of the EGF and PDGF receptors induces dimerization, triggers receptor autophosphorylation on tyrosine residues and results in the binding of a number of cytoplasmic SH2 domain proteins such as PLC γ 1, Ras GAP and PI 3-kinase p85 to the activated receptors. The Shc gene encodes proteins with a single SH2 domain but no identifiable catalytic domain. CIS, cytokine-inducible SH2-containing protein, is a 267 amino acid protein with a single 96 amino acid SH2 domain that associates the tyrosine-phosphorylated β chain of the IL-3 receptor with the tyrosine-phosphorylated Epo receptor. CIS was initially described as an immediate early cytokine-responsive gene and appears to be a unique regulator of cytokine signaling.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ullrich, A., et al. 1990. Signal transduction by receptors with tyrosine kinase activity. Cell 61: 203-212.
- Ellis, C., et al. 1990. Phosphorylation of GAP and GAP-associated proteins by transforming and mitogenic tyrosine kinases. Nature 343: 377-381.
- 3. Morrison, D.K., et al. 1990. Platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF)-dependent association of phospholipase C- γ with the PDGF receptor signaling complex. Mol. Cell. Biol. 10: 2359-2366.
- 4. Cantley, L.C., et al. 1991. Oncogenes and signal transduction. Cell 64: 281-302.
- McGlade, J., et al. 1992. Shc proteins are phosphorylated and regulated by the v-Src and v-Fps protein-tyrosine kinases. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 8869-8873.
- 6. Ravichandran, K.S., et al. 1993. Interaction of Shc with the ζ chain of the T cell receptor upon T cell activation. Science 262: 902-905.
- 7. Yoshimura, A., et al. 1995. A novel cytokine-inducible gene CIS encodes an SH2-containing protein that binds to tyrosine-phosphorylated interleukin 3 and erythropoietin receptors. EMBO J. 14: 2816-2826.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cish (mouse) mapping to 9 F1.

SOURCE

CIS (D-2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 10-38 at the N-terminus of CIS of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG_1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-166363 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

APPLICATIONS

CIS (D-2) is recommended for detection of CIS of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CIS siRNA (m): sc-61854, CIS shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-61854-SH and CIS shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61854-V.

Molecular Weight of CIS: 32 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse liver extract: sc-2256 or CIS (m2): 293T Lysate: sc-119271.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA





CIS (D-2): sc-166363. Western blot analysis of CIS expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse CIS transfected: sc-119271 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

CIS (D-2): sc-166363. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/3T3 cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.