CA VII (h2): 293T Lysate: sc-170270



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are members of a large family of zinc metalloenzymes responsible for catalyzing the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. CAs show extensive diversity in their distribution and subcellular localization. They are involved in a variety of biological processes, including calcification, bone resorption, respiration, acid-base balance and the formation of aqueous humor, saliva, gastric juice and cerebrospinal fluid. CA VII, also known as carbonate dehydratase VII, is a highly conserved mammlian carbonic anhydrase. It localizes to the cytoplasm and is ubiquitiously expressed at low levels, but is present at significant levels in brain and salivary glands. CA VII may influence GABAergic excitation in neurons and contribute to the triggering of convulsions common to neurological disorders. Due to the high expression level of CA VII in brain, it may be useful in the development of pharmacologic agents for managing epilepsy and Alzheimer's disease.

REFERENCES

- Earnhardt, J.N., Qian, M., Tu, C., Lakkis, M.M., Bergenhem, N.C., Laipis, P.J., Tashian, R.E. and Silverman, D.N. 1998. The catalytic properties of murine carbonic anhydrase VII. Biochemistry 37: 10837-10845.
- Ruusuvuori, E., Li, H., Huttu, K., Palva, J.M., Smirnov, S., Rivera, C., Kaila, K. and Voipio, J. 2004. Carbonic anhydrase isoform VII acts as a molecular switch in the development of synchronous γ-frequency firing of hippocampal CA1 pyramidal cells. J. Neurosci. 24: 2699-2707.
- 3. Vullo, D., Voipio, J., Innocenti, A., Rivera, C., Ranki, H., Scozzafava, A., Kaila, K. and Supuran, C.T. 2005. Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors. Inhibition of the human cytosolic isozyme VII with aromatic and heterocyclic sulfonamides. Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 15: 971-976.
- Halmi, P., Parkkila, S. and Honkaniemi, J. 2005. Expression of carbonic anhydrases II, IV, VII, VIII and XII in rat brain after kainic acid induced status epilepticus. Neurochem. Int. 48: 24-30.
- 5. Rivera, C., Voipio, J. and Kaila, K. 2005. Two developmental switches in GABAergic signalling: the K+-Cl- cotransporter KCC2 and carbonic anhydrase CA VII. J. Physiol. 562: 27-36.
- Thiry, A., Masereel, B., Dogné, J.M., Supuran, C.T., Wouters, J. and Michaux, C. 2007. Exploration of the binding mode of indanesulfonamides as selective inhibitors of human carbonic anhydrase type VII by targeting Lys 91. ChemMedChem 2: 1273-1280.
- 7. Supuran, C.T. 2007. Carbonic anhydrases as drug targets—an overview. Curr. Top. Med. Chem. 7: 825-833.
- 8. Temperini, C., Innocenti, A., Scozzafava, A., Mastrolorenzo, A. and Supuran, C.T. 2007. Carbonic anhydrase activators: L-Adrenaline plugs the active site entrance of isozyme II, activating better isoforms I, IV, VA, VII, and XIV. Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 17: 628-635.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CA7 (human) mapping to 16q22.1.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

CA VII (h2): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human CA VII transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

CA VII (h2): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive CA VII antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µI per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com