# LXRα (h4): 293T Lysate: sc-177490



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

Retinoids are metabolites of vitamin A (retinol) and are believed to represent important signaling molecules during vertebrate development and tissue differentiation. The cooperation of liver X receptors (LXRs)  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , and retinoic X receptor (RXR) modulate the expression of several genes involved in lipid metabolism in hepatocyte and macrophages. RXR is the receptor for 9-cis retinoic acid and dimerizes with VDR, TR, PPAR and several novel receptors including liver X receptors LXR $\alpha$  (also referred to as RLD-1), LXR $\beta$  and FXR. FXR and LXR fall into a category of proteins termed "orphan receptors" because of their lack of a defined function, and in the case of LXR, the lack of a defined ligand. Both LXR/ RXR and FXR/RXR heterodimers retain their responsiveness to 9-cis retinoic acid. LXR $\alpha$  and LXR $\beta$  share considerable sequence homology and several functions, respond to the same endogenous and synthetic ligands and play critical roles in maintaining lipid homeostasis. LXR $\beta$  is ubiquitously expressed and enriched in tissues of neuronal and endocrine origin.

## **REFERENCES**

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# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: NR1H3 (human) mapping to 11p11.2.

## **PRODUCT**

LXR $\alpha$  (h4): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human LXR $\alpha$  transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

LXR $\alpha$  (h4): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive LXR $\alpha$  antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20  $\mu$ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

### **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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