SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

p47phox (D-10): sc-17845



BACKGROUND

The heredity chronic granulomatous disease (CGF) has been linked to mutations in p47phox and p67-phox. The cytosolic proteins p47phox and p67-phox, also designated neutrophil cytosol factor (NCF)1 and NCF2, respectively, are required for activation of the superoxide-producing NADPH oxidase in neutrophils and other phagocytic cells. During activation of the NADPH oxidase, p47phox and p67-phox migrate to the plasma membrane where they associate with cytochrome b558 and the small G protein Rac to form the functional enzyme complex. Both p47phox and p67-phox contain two Src homology 3 (SH3) domains. The C-terminal SH3 domain of p67-phox has been shown to interact with the proline-rich domain of p47phox, suggesting that p47phox may faciliate the transport of p67-phox to the membrane.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NCF1 (human) mapping to 7q11.23; Ncf1 (mouse) mapping to 5 G2.

SOURCE

p47phox (D-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 196-390 of p47phox of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

p47phox (D-10) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-17845 AC), 500 µg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-17845 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-17845 PE), fluorescein (sc-17845 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-17845 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-17845 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-17845 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-17845 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-17845 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-17845 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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APPLICATIONS

p47phox (D-10) is recommended for detection of p47phox of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:500), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for p47phox siRNA (h): sc-29422, p47phox siRNA (m): sc-36157, p47phox siRNA (r): sc-45918, p47phox shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29422-SH, p47phox shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36157-SH, p47phox shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-45918-SH, p47phox shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29422-V. p47phox shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36157-V and p47phox shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45918-V.

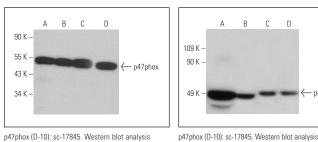
Molecular Weight of p47phox: 47 kDa.

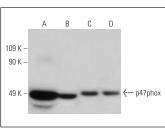
Positive Controls: HL-60 whole cell lysate: sc-2209, THP-1 cell lysate: sc-2238 or RAW 264.7 whole cell lysate: sc-2211.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA





of p47phox expression in HL-60 (A), THP-1 (B),

RAW 264.7 (C) and J774A.1 (D) whole cell lysates.

p47phox (D-10): sc-17845. Western blot analysis of p47phox expression in Ramos (A), Raji (B), NAMALWA (C) and U-698-M (D) whole cell lysates

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Jackson, S.H., et al. 2004. T cells express a phagocyte-type NADPH oxidase that is activated after T cell receptor stimulation. Nat. Immunol. 5:818-827.
- 2. Sareila, O., et al. 2013. Identification of a region in p47phox/NCF1 crucial for phagocytic NADPH oxidase (NOX2) activation. J. Leukoc. Biol. 93: 427-435.
- 3. Noubade, R., et al. 2014. NRROS negatively regulates reactive oxygen species during host defence and autoimmunity. Nature 509: 235-239.
- 4. Sareila, O., et al. 2015. Direct comparison of a natural loss-of-function single nucleotide polymorphism with a targeted deletion in the Ncf1 gene reveals different phenotypes. PLoS ONE 10: e0141974.
- 5. Ding, Y., et al. 2016. The lectin Siglec-G inhibits dendritic cell cross-presentation by impairing MHC class I-peptide complex formation. Nat. Immunol. 17: 1167-1175.
- 6. Bhardwaj, V., et al. 2017. Activation of NADPH oxidases leads to DNA damage in esophageal cells. Sci. Rep. 7: 9956.
- 7. Liu, W., et al. 2018. Olfactomedin 4 contributes to hydrogen peroxideinduced NADPH oxidase activation and apoptosis in mouse neutrophils. Am. J. Physiol., Cell Physiol. 315: C494-C501.
- 8. Li, Y., et al. 2019, NADPH oxidase 2 inhibitors CPP11G and CPP11H attenuate endothelial cell inflammation & vessel dysfunction and restore mouse hind-limb flow. Redox Biol. 22: 101143.
- 9. Hu, D., et al. 2020. Age-related changes in mineralocorticoid receptors in rat hearts. Mol. Med. Rep. 22: 1859-1867.
- 10.Li, K., et al. 2021. Reduced intracellular chloride concentration impairs angiogenesis by inhibiting oxidative stress-mediated VEGFR2 activation. Acta Pharmacol. Sin. 42: 560-572.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.