# CD8-β (5F2): sc-19994



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The T cell receptor (TCR) is a heterodimer composed of either  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  or  $\gamma$  and  $\delta$  chains. CD3 chains and the CD4 or CD8 co-receptors are also required for efficient signal transduction through the TCR. The TCR is expressed on T helper and T cytotoxic cells that can be distinguished by their expression of CD4 and CD8. T helper cells express CD4 proteins and T cytotoxic cells display CD8. CD8 (also designated Leu 2 or T8), a cell surface glycoprotein, is a two chain complex  $(\alpha\alpha$  or  $\alpha\beta)$  receptor that binds class I MHC molecules presented by the antigen-presenting cell (APC). A primary function of CD8 is to facilitate antigen recognition by the TCR and to strengthen the avidity of the TCR-antigen interactions. An additional role for CD8-expressing T cells may be to maintain low levels of HIV expression.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Nakayama, K., et al. 1989. Structure and expression of the gene encoding CD8  $\alpha$  chain (Leu-2/T8). Immunogenetics 30: 393-397.
- Fleury, S.G., et al. 1991. CD4 and CD8 recognition of class II and class I molecules of the major histocompatibility complex. Semin. Immunol. 3: 177-185.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: CD8B (human) mapping to 2p11.2.

## **SOURCE**

CD8- $\beta$  (5F2) s a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against the  $\beta$  chain of CD8 of rat origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g lgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

CD8- $\beta$  (5F2) is available conjugated to either phycoerythrin (sc-19994 PE) or fluorescein (sc-19994 FITC), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

## **APPLICATIONS**

CD8- $\beta$  (5F2) is recommended for detection of CD8- $\beta$  chain of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1  $\mu$ g per 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CD8- $\beta$  siRNA (h): sc-35029, CD8- $\beta$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35029-SH and CD8- $\beta$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35029-V.

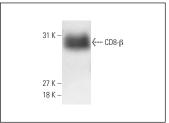
Molecular Weight of CD8-β: 32 kDa.

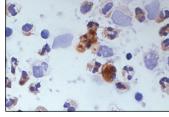
Positive Controls: HuT 78 whole cell lysate: sc-2208, CCRF-CEM cell lysate: sc-2225 or SUP-T1 whole cell lysate: sc-364796.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## DATA





CD8- $\beta$  (5F2): sc-19994. Western blot analysis of CD8- $\beta$  expression in SUP-T1 whole cell lysate.

CD8-β (5F2): sc-19994. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human peripheral blood showing cytoplasmic staining.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Schroers, R., et al. 2005. Immunophenotypic and genetic characterization of a CD8 positive mantle cell lymphoma in a patient with concomitant Mycosis fungoides. Eur. J. Haematol. 75: 78-84.
- Devine, L., et al. 2006. Mapping the binding site on CD8-β for MHC class I reveals mutants with enhanced binding. J. Immunol. 177: 3930-3938.
- 3. Thakral, D., et al. 2008. Differential expression of the human CD8β splice variants and regulation of the M-2 isoform by ubiquitination. J. Immunol. 180: 7431-7442.
- Leonard, J.A., et al. 2011. HIV-1 Nef disrupts intracellular trafficking of major histocompatibility complex class I, CD4, CD8, and CD28 by distinct pathways that share common elements. J. Virol. 85: 6867-6881.
- Ivanov, A.V., et al. 2015. HCV core protein uses multiple mechanisms to induce oxidative stress in human hepatoma Huh7 cells. Viruses 7: 2745-2770.
- Thierauf, J., et al. 2015. Identification and clinical relevance of PD-L1 expression in primary mucosal malignant melanoma of the head and neck. Melanoma Res. 25: 503-509.
- 7. Smirnova, O.A., et al. 2016. Hepatitis C virus NS5A protein triggers oxidative stress by inducing NADPH oxidases 1 and 4 and cytochrome P450 2E1. Oxid. Med. Cell. Longev. 2016: 8341937.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.