

SIRP- α (SE7C2): sc-23863

BACKGROUND

SIRPs (signal-regulatory proteins) are a family of transmembrane glycoproteins that were identified by their association with the Src homology 2 domain-containing protein-tyrosine phosphatase SHP-2 in response to Insulin. The SIRP family negatively regulates the PI 3-kinase pathway, which may diminish EGFR-mediated motility and survival phenotypes that contribute to transformation of certain cell types. SIRP- α 1 is a transmembrane protein which contains an extracellular portion with three immunoglobulin-like structures and a cytoplasmic region with four potential tyrosine phosphorylation sites. SIRP- α (also known as SIRP- α 1, SIRP- α 2 or SIRP- α 3) is a substrate for activated receptor tyrosine kinases. In its tyrosine phosphorylated form, SIRP- α binds to SH-PTP2 through SH2 interactions and acts as an SH-PTP2 substrate. SIRP- α has been shown to have negative regulatory effects on cellular responses induced by growth factors, oncogenes and Insulin. SIRP- β 1 shares extensive sequence homology with SIRP- α in its extracellular portion but lacks the cytoplasmic portion. SIRP- γ , originally designated SIRP- β 2 (SIRP-B2, CD172g) has unique characteristics from both the α and β versions. SIRP- γ is expressed on the majority of T cells and a proportion of B cells. CD47 associates with SIRP- γ , and this interaction signals unidirectionally only.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SIRPA (human) mapping to 20p13.

SOURCE

SIRP- α (SE7C2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant extracellular domain of SIRP- α of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

SIRP- α (SE7C2) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-23863 AC), 500 μ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-23863 HRP), 200 μ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-23863 PE), fluorescein (sc-23863 FITC), Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (sc-23863 AF488), Alexa Fluor[®] 546 (sc-23863 AF546), Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (sc-23863 AF594) or Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (sc-23863 AF647), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-23863 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-23863 AF790), 200 μ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

APPLICATIONS

SIRP- α (SE7C2) is recommended for detection of SIRP- α of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for SIRP- α siRNA (h): sc-44106, SIRP- α shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44106-SH and SIRP- α shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44106-V.

Molecular Weight of unglycosylated SIRP- α : 65 kDa.

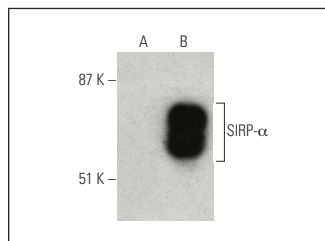
Molecular Weight of glycosylated SIRP- α : 100-150 kDa.

Positive Controls: SIRP- α (h): 293T Lysate: sc-159295.

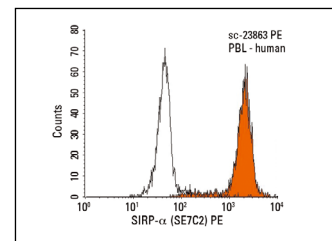
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA



SIRP- α (SE7C2) HRP: sc-23863 HRP. Direct western blot analysis of SIRP- α expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human SIRP- α transfected: sc-159295 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



SIRP- α (SE7C2) PE: sc-23863 PE. FCM analysis of human peripheral blood leukocytes. Black line histogram represents the isotype control, normal mouse IgG₁-PE: sc-2866.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Stefanidakis, M., et al. 2008. Endothelial CD47 interaction with SIRP- γ is required for human T-cell transendothelial migration under shear flow conditions *in vitro*. *Blood* 112: 1280-1289.
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- Catani, L., et al. 2011. The CD47 pathway is deregulated in human immune thrombocytopenia. *Exp. Hematol.* 39: 486-494.
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- Podolnikova, N.P., et al. 2019. Interaction between the integrin Mac-1 and signal regulatory protein α (SIRP- α) mediates fusion in heterologous cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 294: 7833-7849.
- Hayes, B.H., et al. 2020. Macrophages show higher levels of engulfment after disruption of *cis* interactions between CD47 and the checkpoint receptor SIRP- α . *J. Cell Sci.* 133: jcs237800.
- Robinson, T.M., et al. 2020. Display of self-peptide on adeno-associated virus capsid decreases phagocytic uptake *in vitro*. *ACS Synth. Biol.* 9: 2246-2251.
- Wibfeld, J., et al. 2021. Deletion of Alzheimer's disease-associated CD33 results in an inflammatory human microglia phenotype. *Glia* 69: 1393-1412.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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