## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# AP-2α Consensus and Mutant Oligonucleotides



The Power to Question

### BACKGROUND

Electrophoretic mobility shift assays (EMSAs), also known as gel shift assays, provide a relatively straightforward and sensitive method for studying binding interactions between transcription factors and consensus DNA binding elements. For such studies, DNA probes are provided as double-stranded oligonucleotides designed with 5' OH blunt ends to facilitate labeling to high specific activity with polynucleotide kinase. These are constructed both with specific DNA binding consensus sequences for various transcription factors and as control or "mutant" probes in which one or more nucleotides mapping within the consensus binding site has been substituted.

### REFERENCES

- Dignam, J.D., et al. 1983. Accurate transcription initiation by RNA polymerase II in a soluble extract from isolated mammalian nuclei. Nucl. Acids Res. 11: 1475-1489.
- Murre, C., et al. 1991. B cell- and myocyte-specific E2-box-binding factors contain E12/E47-like subunits. Mol. Cell. Biol. 11: 1156-1160.
- 3. Williams, T., et al. 1988. Cloning and expression of AP-2, a cell-typespecific transcription factor that activates inducible enhancer elements. Genes Dev. 2: 1557-1569.

#### **GEL SHIFT ASSAYS**

For gel shift analysis, prepare nuclear extracts following the method of Dignam, et al (1).

- NOTE: Spin oligonucleotide vial before opening. Product may be lodged in vial cap.
- <sup>2</sup> Label oligonucleotide probe (TransCruz<sup>™</sup> Gel Shift Oligonucleotides) with  $[\gamma^{32}$  P]-ATP to 50,000 cpm/ng by using polynucleotide kinase.
- Prepare gel shift reaction buffer as follows: 10 mM Tris (Tris: sc-3715), pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl (NaCl: sc-29108, 1 mM dithiothreitol (DTT: sc-29089), 1 mM EDTA (EDTA: sc-29092), 5% glycerol (glycerol: sc-29095).
- Prepare 20 µl reaction mixture containing 3-10 µg nuclear extract and 1 µg poly dl-dC in gel shift reaction buffer. Add 0.5 ng labeled oligonucleotide probe and incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature. This constitutes the control sample for detection of DNA-protein complexes (2).
- <sup>2</sup> To detect an antibody supershift or block of the DNA-protein complex, prepare reaction mixture as described above, also adding 1-2 µl of the appropriate TransCruz™ Gel Supershift antibody per 20 µl of reaction volume. Antibody is normally added subsequent to addition of labeled oligonucleotide probe, but result may be improved by adding antibody prior to probe. Incubate at 4° C for 1 hour to overnight, or at room temperature for 15-45 minutes.
- Resolve DNA-protein complexes by electrophoresis (25-35 ma) through a 4% polyacrylamide gel containing 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 0.38 M glycine (glycine: sc-29096) and 2 mM EDTA. Dry the gel and visualize by autoradiography.

#### PRODUCT

### AP-2 $\alpha$ CONSENSUS OLIGONUCLEOTIDE: sc-2513

binding site for AP-2 transcription factor (3)

5'— GAT	CGA	ACT	GAC	CGC	CCG	CGG	CCC	GT - 3'
3'- CTA	GCT	TGA	CTG	GCG	GGC	GCC	GGG	CA - 5'

#### AP-2α MUTANT OLIGONUCLEOTIDE: sc-2516

<sup>2</sup> identical to sc-2513 with the exception of a "CC"  $\rightarrow$  "TT" substitution in the AP-2 DNA binding motif (3)

5'— GAT	CGA	ACT	GAC	CGC	<u><b>TT</b></u> G	CGG	CCC	GT — 3′
3′— CTA	GCT	TGA	CTG	GCG	AAC	GCC	GGG	CA - 5'

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- LaPres, J.J., et al. 1996. Identification of a functional determinant of differentiation-dependent expression in the involucrin gene. J. Biol. Chem. 271: 23154-23160.
- 2. Marriott, S., et al. 1996. Activation of the HTLV-I long terminal repeat by the Hepatitis B virus X protein. Virology 224: 206-213.
- 3. Jiang, M., et al. 1998. Derepression of the C/EBP $\alpha$  gene during adipogenesis: Identification of AP-2 $\alpha$  as a repressor. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95: 3467-3471.
- 4. Lukiw, W.J., et al. 1998. Budesonide epimer R or dexamethasone selectively inhibit platelet-activating factor-induced or interleukin-1β-induced DNA binding activity of *cis*-acting transcription factors and cyclooxygenase-2 gene expression in human epidermal keratinocytes. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95: 3914-3919.
- Saur, D., et al. 2002. Complex regulation of human neuronal nitric-oxide synthase exon 1c gene transcription. Essential role of Sp and ZNF family members of transcription factors. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 25798-25814.
- Grossmanq, C.E., et al. 2004. ZNF143 mediates basal and tissue-specific expression of human transaldolase. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 12190-12205.
- 7. lkeda, K., et al. 2006. Transcription factor activating enhancer-binding protein- $2\beta$ : a negative regulator of adiponectin gene expression. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 31245-31253.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C; stable for one year from the date of shipment.

**NOTE**: Spin oligonucleotide vial before opening. Product may be lodged in vial cap.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.