Chloranil

sc-252566





Hazard Alert Code Key:

EXTREME

HIGH

MODERATE

LOW

Section 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME

Chloranil

STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

CONSIDERED A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE ACCORDING TO OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

NFPA



SUPPLIER

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 2145 Delaware Avenue Santa Cruz, California 95060 800.457.3801 or 831.457.3800

EMERGENCY

ChemWatch

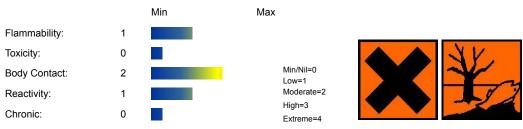
Within the US & Canada: 877-715-9305 Outside the US & Canada: +800 2436 2255 (1-800-CHEMCALL) or call +613 9573 3112

SYNONYMS

C6-Cl4-O2, C6Cl4(=O)2, "p-benzoquinone, 2, 3, 4, 6-tetrachloro-", "1, 4-benzoquinone, 2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-", tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone, "tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-p-benzoquinone, "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-1, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 4-benzoquinone, "2, 4-benz 4-benzoquinone", "2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachloro-2, 5-cyclohexadiene-1, 4-dione", tetrachloroquinone, tetrachloro-p-quinone, "Ent 3797", G-25804, G-444E, "Geigy 444E", Reranil, Spergon, "Spergon 1", "Dow Seed Disinfectant No. 5", Vulklor, fungicide

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS



CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS



EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

RISK

Irritating to eyes and skin.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

SWALLOWED

■ Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects, the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.

g. **EYE**

■ This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.

SKIN

- This material can cause inflammation of the skin oncontact in some persons.
- The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition.
- Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects, however the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.
- Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material.

INHALED

- The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
- Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

■ Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimized as a matter of course.

Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause changes in lung function i.e. pneumoconiosis; caused by particles less than 0.5 micron penetrating and remaining in the lung.

NAME	CAS RN	%
p-chloranil	118-75-2	>98

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

SWALLOWED

 $\cdot \text{ Immediately give a glass of water.} \cdot \text{First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Center or a doctor.}$

EYE

■ If this product comes in contact with the eyes: · Wash out immediately with fresh running water. · Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.

SKIN

■ If skin contact occurs: · Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear · Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).

INHALED

· If dust is inhaled, remove from contaminated area. · Encourage patient to blow nose to ensure clear passage of breathing. · If irritation or discomfort persists seek medical attention.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN

■ Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Vapor Pressure (mmHg):	0.975 @ 71 deg C
Upper Explosive Limit (%):	Not available.
Specific Gravity (water=1):	1.970
Lower Explosive Limit (%):	Not available

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- · Foam.
- · Dry chemical powder.

FIRE FIGHTING

- · Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

When any large container (including road and rail tankers) is involved in a fire.

consider evacuation by 100 metres in all directions.

GENERAL FIRE HAZARDS/HAZARDOUS COMBUSTIBLE PRODUCTS

- · Combustible solid which burns but propagates flame with difficulty.
- Avoid generating dust, particularly clouds of dust in a confined or unventilated space as dusts may form an explosive mixture with air, and any source of ignition, i.e. flame or spark, will cause fire or explosion. Dust clouds generated by the fine grinding of the solid are a particular hazard; accumulations of fine dust may burn rapidly and fiercely if ignited.

Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), hydrogen chloride, phosgene, other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ Avoid contamination with oxidizing agents i.e. nitrates, oxidizing acids,chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Glasses:

Chemical goggles.

Gloves:

Respirator:

Particulate

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

MINOR SPILLS

- Environmental hazard contain spillage.
- · Clean up all spills immediately.
- · Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

MAJOR SPILLS

■ Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Moderate hazard.

- · CAUTION: Advise personnel in area.
- · Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

- · Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- · Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Empty containers may contain residual dust which has the potential to accumulate following settling. Such dusts may explode in the presence of an appropriate ignition source.

- · Do NOT cut, drill, grind or weld such containers.
- · In addition ensure such activity is not performed near full, partially empty or empty containers without appropriate workplace safety authorisation or permit.

RECOMMENDED STORAGE METHODS

- \cdot Lined metal can, Lined metal pail/drum
- · Plastic pail.

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

■ Observe manufacturer's storing and handling recommendations.

Store away from direct sunlight or heat.

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Source	Material	TWA ppm	TWA mg/m³	STEL ppm	STEL mg/m³	Peak ppm	Peak mg/m³	TWA F/CC	Notes
Canada - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits	p-chloranil (Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise)		10 (I)						
Canada - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits	p-chloranil (Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Classified (PNOC))		10 (N)						
Canada - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits	p-chloranil (Specified (PNOS) / Particules (insolubles ou peu solubles) non précisées par ailleurs)		3 (R)						
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	p-chloranil (Particulates not otherwise regulated Respirable fraction)		5						
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	p-chloranil (Particulates not otherwise regulated Respirable fraction)		5						(n)
US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)	p-chloranil (Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) (f) Total Dust)	-	10						Bold print identifies substances for which the Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) are different than the federal Limits. PNOR means "particles not otherwise regulated."
US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants	p-chloranil (Particulates not otherwise regulated, Respirable dust)		5						
US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)	p-chloranil (Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) (f) Respirable Fraction)	-	5						Bold print identifies substances for which the Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) are different than the federal Limits.

PNOR means "particles not otherwise regulated."

See Appendix

TLV/BEI Book

B current

US - Wyoming p-chloranil Toxic and (Particulates not Hazardous otherwise

Substances regulated
Table Z1 Limits (PNOR)(f)-

Table Z1 Limits (PNOR)(f)for Air Respirable Contaminants fraction)

p-chloranil

Canada - Prince (Particles
Edward Island (Insoluble or
Occupational Poorly Soluble)

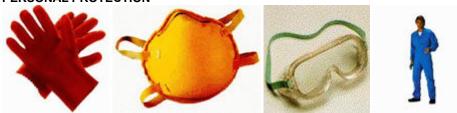
[NOS] Inhalable particles)

parti

ENDOELTABLE

Exposure Limits

PERSONAL PROTECTION



5

RESPIRATOR

•Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

FYF

- \cdot Safety glasses with side shields.
- · Chemical goggles.

HANDS/FEET

■ Wear chemical protective gloves, eg. PVC.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include:

- · frequency and duration of contact,
- · chemical resistance of glove material,
- · glove thickness and
- · dexterity

Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent).

- When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
- When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
- · Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.

OTHER

- · Overalls.
- · P.V.C. apron.
- · Barrier cream.
- · Skin cleansing cream.
- · Eye wash unit.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

- · Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by mutual friction.
- Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation of particulates in the workplace.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Solid.

Does not mix with water.

Sinks in water.

State	Divided solid	Molecular Weight	245.89
Melting Range (°F)	558- 561	Viscosity	Not Applicable
Boiling Range (°F)	Not available	Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible
Flash Point (°F)	Not available	pH (1% solution)	Not applicable
Decomposition Temp (°F)	Not available.	pH (as supplied)	Not applicable
Autoignition Temp (°F)	Not available	Vapor Pressure (mmHg)	0.975 @ 71 deg C
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not available.	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.970
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not available	Relative Vapor Density (air=1)	8.5
Volatile Component (%vol)	Negligible	Evaporation Rate	Not applicable
p-chloranil			

log Kow (Prager 1995):

0.2

Reported

APPEARANCE

Crystalline solid; does not mix with water. Soluble in chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, carbon disulfide.

Section 10 - CHEMICAL STABILITY

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY

- · Presence of incompatible materials.
- · Product is considered stable.

STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

· Avoid strong bases.

Avoid reaction with oxidizing agents.

For incompatible materials - refer to Section 7 - Handling and Storage.

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

p-chloranil

TOXICITY AND IRRITATION

P-CHLORANIL:

■ unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TOXICITY IRRITATION

Oral (rat) LD50: 4000 mg/kg

Intraperitoneal (rat) LD50: 500 mg/kg

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Avoid release to the environment.

Refer to special instructions/ safety data sheets.

Ecotoxicity

Persistence: Water/Soil

Persistence: Air Bioaccumulation Mobility

Perhoranil HIGH No Data Available LOW HIGH

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions

All waste must be handled in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- · Reduction
- · Reuse
- · Recycling
- · Disposal (if all else fails)

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning equipment to enter drains. Collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.

- · Recycle wherever possible.
- · Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult Waste Management Authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.

Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION



DOT:

Symbols: G Hazard class or Division: 9 Identification Numbers: UN3077 PG: III Label Codes: 9 Special provisions: 8, 146, 335, B54, IR8 IR3

IB8, IP3, N20, T1, TP33

Packaging: Exceptions: 155 Packaging: Non-bulk: 213 Packaging: Exceptions: 155 Quantity limitations: No limit

Passenger aircraft/rail:

Quantity Limitations: Cargo No limit Vessel stowage: Location: A

aircraft only:

Vessel stowage: Other: None

Hazardous materials descriptions and proper shipping names:

Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s

Air Transport IATA:

UN/ID Number: 3077 Packing Group: III

Special provisions: A97

Cargo Only

Packing Instructions: 956 Maximum Qty/Pack: 400 kg Passenger and Cargo Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions: Y956 Maximum Qty/Pack: 400 kg

Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity

Packing Instructions: 956 Maximum Qty/Pack: 30 kg G

Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S. *(CONTAINS P-CHLORANIL)

Maritime Transport IMDG:

IMDG Class: 9 IMDG Subrisk: None

UN Number: 3077 Packing Group: III

EMS Number: F-A,S-F Special provisions: 274 335 Limited Quantities: 5 kg Marine Pollutant: Yes

Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(contains p-chloranil)

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

p-chloranil (CAS: 118-75-2) is found on the following regulatory lists;

"Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL)", "US EPA Master Testing List - Index I Chemicals Listed", "US Harmonized Tariff Schedule - Intermediate Chemicals for Dyes Appendix", "US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory", "US TSCA Section 12(b) - List of Chemical Substances Subject to Export Notification Requirements", "US TSCA Section 4 - HDD/HDF - Chemicals Required to Be Tested", "US TSCA Section 4/12 (b) - Sunset Date/Status"

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

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- Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

 A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

 www.chemwatch.net/references.
- The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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