# δ Tubulin (A-1): sc-25259



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

Tubulin is a major cytoskeleton component that has five distinct forms, designated  $\alpha,\,\beta,\,\gamma,\,\delta$  and  $\epsilon$  Tubulin.  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  Tubulins form heterodimers which multimerize to form a microtubule filament. Multiple  $\beta$  Tubulin isoforms ( $\beta1,\,\beta2,\,\beta3,\,\beta4,\,\beta5,\,\beta6$  and  $\beta8$ ) have been characterized and are expressed in mammalian tissues.  $\beta1$  and  $\beta4$  are present throughout the cytosol,  $\beta2$  is present in the nuclei and nucleoplasm, and  $\beta3$  is a neuron-specific cytoskeletal protein.  $\gamma$  Tubulin forms the gammasome, which is required for nucleating microtubule filaments at the centrosome. Both  $\delta$  Tubulin and  $\epsilon$  Tubulin are associated with the centrosome.  $\delta$  Tubulin is a homolog of the *Chlamydomonas*  $\delta$  Tubulin Uni3 and is found in association with the centrioles, whereas  $\epsilon$  Tubulin localizes to the pericentriolar material.  $\epsilon$  Tubulin exhibits a cell-cycle-specific pattern of localization, first associating with only the older of the centrosomes in a newly duplicated pair and later associating with both centrosomes.

### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: TUBD1 (human) mapping to 17q23.1; Tubd1 (mouse) mapping to 11  $\,\mathrm{C}$ .

### **SOURCE**

 $\delta$  Tubulin (A-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 154-450 of  $\delta$  Tubulin of human origin.

### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \ lgG_{2a}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

 $\delta$  Tubulin (A-1) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-25259 AC), 500  $\mu g/$  0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-25259 HRP), 200  $\mu g/ml$ , for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-25259 PE), fluorescein (sc-25259 FITC), Alexa Fluor\* 488 (sc-25259 AF488), Alexa Fluor\* 546 (sc-25259 AF546), Alexa Fluor\* 594 (sc-25259 AF594) or Alexa Fluor\* 647 (sc-25259 AF647), 200  $\mu g/ml$ , for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor\* 680 (sc-25259 AF680) or Alexa Fluor\* 790 (sc-25259 AF790), 200  $\mu g/ml$ , for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\delta$  Tubulin (A-1) is recommended for detection of  $\delta$  Tubulin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:500, dilution range 1:500-1:5,000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu g$  per 100-500  $\mu g$  of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

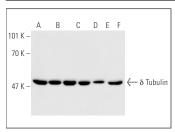
Suitable for use as control antibody for  $\delta$  Tubulin siRNA (h): sc-35157,  $\delta$  Tubulin siRNA (m): sc-35158,  $\delta$  Tubulin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35157-SH,  $\delta$  Tubulin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35158-SH,  $\delta$  Tubulin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35157-V and  $\delta$  Tubulin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35158-V.

Molecular Weight of  $\delta$  Tubulin: 51 kDa.

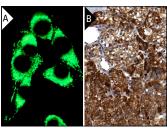
### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### DATA



 $\delta$  Tubulin (A-1): sc-25259. Western blot analysis of  $\delta$  Tubulin expression in HeLa (A), NIH/3T3 (B), SK-BR-3 (C), U266 (D), MCF7 (E) and K-562 (F) whole cell lysates.



δ Tubulin (A-1): sc-25259. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/313 cells showing cytoplasmic localization (**A**). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human parathyroid tisus showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells. Kindly provided by The Swedish Human Protein Atlas (HPA) program (**B**).

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Rebacz, B., et al. 2007. Identification of griseofulvin as an inhibitor of centrosomal clustering in a phenotype-based screen. Cancer Res. 67: 6342-6350.
- Shan, J., et al. 2013. Activation of the amino acid response modulates lineage specification during differentiation of murine embryonic stem cells.
  Am. J. Physiol. Endocrinol. Metab. 305: E325-E335.
- Prati, B., et al. 2019. Three Prime Repair Exonuclease 1 (TREX1) expression correlates with cervical cancer cells growth in vitro and disease progression in vivo. Sci. Rep. 9: 351.
- 4. Abjaude, W., et al. 2022. ATM pathway is essential for HPV-positive human cervical cancer-derived cell lines viability and proliferation. Pathogens 11: 637.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at  $4^{\circ}$  C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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