# Tris(N,N-tetramethylene)phosphoric acid triamide

sc-258316

**Material Safety Data Sheet** 



The Power to Questio

Hazard Alert Code Key:

**EXTREME** 

**HIGH** 

**MODERATE** 

LOW

### Section 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### **PRODUCT NAME**

Tris(N,N-tetramethylene)phosphoric acid triamide

### STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

Not considered a hazardous substance according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **NFPA**



#### **SUPPLIER**

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 2145 Delaware Avenue Santa Cruz, California 95060 800.457.3801 or 831.457.3800

### **EMERGENCY**

ChemWatch

Within the US & Canada: 877-715-9305 Outside the US & Canada: +800 2436 2255 (1-800-CHEMCALL) or call +613 9573 3112

### **SYNONYMS**

 ${\tt C12-H24-N3-O-P, "phosphoric acid tripyrrolidide", tripyrrolidinophosphate, "tripyrrolidinophosphine oxide"}$ 

# **Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS**

		Min	Max
Flammability:	1		
Toxicity:	0		
Body Contact:	0		Min/Nil=0 Low=1
Reactivity:	1		Moderate=2
Chronic:	0		High=3 Extreme=4

### **CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS**

None

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW
RISK
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS
ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

#### **SWALLOWED**

■ The material has NOT been classified as "harmful by ingestion".

This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.

#### **FYF**

■ Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterized by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

#### SKIN

- The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting
- The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis.

The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives .

- Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material.
- Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.

Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

#### INHALED

- The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
- Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures.

### **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
NAME	CAS RN	%			
tris(N,N-tetramethylene)phosphoric acid triamide	6415-07-2	>98			

### **Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **SWALLOWED**

· Immediately give a glass of water. · First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Center or a doctor.

#### **EYE**

■ If this product comes in contact with eyes: · Wash out immediately with water. · If irritation continues, seek medical attention.

### SKIN

■ If skin or hair contact occurs: · Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). · Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

#### **INHALED**

· If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. · Other measures are usually unnecessary.

### **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN**

■ Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES				
Vapour Pressure (mmHG):	Not available			
Upper Explosive Limit (%):	Not available			
Specific Gravity (water=1):	1.120			
Lower Explosive Limit (%):	Not available			

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

- · Foam.
- · Dry chemical powder.

#### **FIRE FIGHTING**

- · Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.

### GENERAL FIRE HAZARDS/HAZARDOUS COMBUSTIBLE PRODUCTS

- · Combustible.
- · Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.

Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), phosphorus oxides (POx), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

#### FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ Avoid contamination with oxidizing agents i.e. nitrates, oxidizing acids,chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Glasses:

Chemical goggles.

Gloves:

Respirator:

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity

### Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

MINOR SPILLS

- · Remove all ignition sources.
- · Clean up all spills immediately.

**MAJOR SPILLS** 

- Moderate hazard.
- · Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- · Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.

### **Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

- · Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- · Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

#### RECOMMENDED STORAGE METHODS

- · Metal can or drum
- · Packing as recommended by manufacturer.

#### STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

- · Store in original containers.
- · Keep containers securely sealed.
- · No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- · Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- · Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- · Observe manufacturer's storing and handling recommendations.

### **Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The following materials had no OELs on our records

• tris(N,N-tetramethylene)phosphoric acid triamide: CAS:6415-07-2

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION







### RESPIRATOR

• type a filter of sufficient capacity.

Consult your EHS staff for recommendations

#### EYE

- · Safety glasses with side shields
- · Chemical goggles.

#### HANDS/FEET

■ Wear general protective gloves, e.g.. light weight rubber gloves.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include: such as:

- · frequency and duration of contact,
- chemical resistance of glove material,
- · glove thickness and
- · dexterity

Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739).

- · When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.
- · When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.
- · Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.

- · Aprotic solvents may greatly promote the toxic properties of solutes because of their unique ability to penetrate synthetic rubber protective gloves and the skin (butyl rubber gloves are reported to be more satisfactory than others.
- · Neoprene gloves.

#### **OTHER**

■ No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.

OTHERWISE:

- · Overalls.
- · Barrier cream.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

■ General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear an approved respirator.

### **Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### **PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

Liquid.

Does not mix with water.

Sinks in water.

State	Liquid	Molecular Weight	257.31
Melting Range (°F)	Not available	Viscosity	Not Available
Boiling Range (°F)	284- 288 (0.1 mm)	Solubility in water (g/L)	Partly miscible
Flash Point (°F)	235	pH (1% solution)	Not available
Decomposition Temp (°F)	Not available.	pH (as supplied)	Not applicable
Autoignition Temp (°F)	Not available	Vapour Pressure (mmHG)	Not available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not available	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.120
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not available	Relative Vapor Density (air=1)	>1
Volatile Component (%vol)	Not available	Evaporation Rate	Not available

#### **APPEARANCE**

Clear light brown-yellow liquid; does not mix well with water. Soluble in petroleum ether.

# **Section 10 - CHEMICAL STABILITY**

### **CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY**

- · Presence of incompatible materials.
- · Product is considered stable.

#### STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed.

Avoid reaction with oxidizing agents.

- · Many aprotic (non-hydroxylic) solvents are not inert towards other reagents and care must be taken when using untried combinations of solvents an reagents for the first time.
- · Some aprotic solvents have a dramatic effect on reaction rates.

For incompatible materials - refer to Section 7 - Handling and Storage.

### Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

 $tris (N, N-tetramethylene) phosphoric\ acid\ triamide$ 

#### **TOXICITY AND IRRITATION**

#### TRIS(N,N-TETRAMETHYLENE)PHOSPHORIC ACID TRIAMIDE:

■ No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

### **Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data

**Ecotoxicity** 

Ingredient Persistence: Water/Soil Persistence: Air Bioaccumulation Mobility tris(N,N-tetramethylene)phosphoric triamide Acid HIGH No Data Available LOW MED

### **Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Disposal Instructions**

All waste must be handled in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- · Reduction
- · Reuse
- · Recycling
- · Disposal (if all else fails)

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning equipment to enter drains. Collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.

- · Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- · Consult Waste Management Authority for disposal.

### Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: DOT, IATA, IMDG

### **Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

tris(N,N-tetramethylene)phosphoric acid triamide (CAS: 6415-07-2) is found on the following regulatory lists; "US - California Air Toxics ""Hot Spots"" List (Assembly Bill 2588) Substances for which emissions must be quantified"

#### **Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### ND

Substance CAS Suggested codes tris(N, N- tetramethylene)phosphoric 6415- 07- 2 Mut3; R68 Rep3; acid triamide R63

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- Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

  A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

  www.chemwatch.net/references.
- The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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