SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

α/β-dystroglycan siRNA (bovine): sc-270079



BACKGROUND

Dystroglycan (DG) is a cell surface receptor for several extracellular matrix molecules including Laminins, Agrin and Perlecan. Dystroglycan function is required for the formation of basement membranes in early development and the organization of Laminin on the cell surface. α -dystroglycan is a membrane associated, extracellular glycoprotein that is anchored to the cell-membrane by binding to the transmembrane glycoprotein β -dystroglycan to form an α/β -dystroglycan-complex. Additionally, dystroglycan is part of a multimolecular complex, where it associates with dystrophin, at the sarcolemma, to form the dystrophin-associated protein complex or with utrophin, at the neuromuscular junction, to form the utrophin-associated protein complex. Dystroglycan is also thought to participate in the clustering of nicotinic acetylcholine receptors at the neuromuscular junction.

REFERENCES

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- 4. Masaki, T., et al. 2001. Expression of dystroglycan complex in satellite cells of dorsal root ganglia. Acta Neuropathol. 101: 174-178.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DAG1 (bovine) mapping to 22.

PRODUCT

 α/β -dystroglycan siRNA (bovine) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see α/β -dystroglycan shRNA Plasmid (bovine): sc-270079-SH and α/β -dystroglycan shRNA (bovine) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270079-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 α/β -dystroglycan siRNA (bovine) is recommended for the inhibition of α/β -dystroglycan expression in bovine cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor α/β -dystroglycan gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: α/β -dystroglycan (bovine)-PR: sc-270079-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.