



# AKAP 1 siRNA (canine): sc-270134

## BACKGROUND

The type II cAMP-protein kinase (PKA) is a multifunctional kinase with a broad range of substrates. Specificity of PKA signaling is thought to be mediated by the compartmentalization of the kinase to specific sites within the cell. To maintain this specific localization, the R subunit (RII) of PKA interacts with specific RII-anchoring proteins. The family of RII-anchoring proteins has been designated A-kinase anchoring proteins (AKAP). Canine AKAP 1 (A kinase (PRKA) anchor protein 1) is the homolog of human AKAP 149, which is speculated to participate in the cAMP-dependent signal transduction pathway and in directing RNA to a specific cellular compartment. AKAP 149 binds to type I and II regulatory subunits of protein kinase A and anchors them to the cytoplasmic face of the mitochondrial outer membrane. AKAP 1 is a 852 amino acid canine mitochondrial protein belonging to the AKAP family.

## REFERENCES

1. Scott, J.D., et al. 1990. Type II regulatory subunit dimerization determines the subcellular localization of the cAMP-dependent protein kinase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 265: 21561-21566.
2. Carr, D.W., et al. 1992. Localization of the cAMP-dependent protein kinase to the postsynaptic densities by A-kinase anchoring proteins. Characterization of AKAP 79. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 16816-16823.
3. Coghlan, V.M., et al. 1994. Cloning and characterization of AKAP 95, a nuclear protein that associates with the regulatory subunit of type II cAMP-dependent protein kinase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 269: 7658-7665.
4. Lin, R.Y., et al. 1995. Characterization of S-AKAP84, a novel developmentally regulated A kinase anchor protein of male germ cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 27804-27811.
5. Trendelenburg, G., et al. 1996. Molecular characterization of AKAP149, a novel A kinase anchor protein with a KH domain. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 225: 313-319.
6. Lester, L.B., et al. 1996. Cloning and characterization of a novel A-kinase anchoring protein. AKAP 220, association with testicular peroxisomes. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 9460-9465.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AKAP1 (canine) mapping to 9.

## PRODUCT

AKAP 1 siRNA (canine) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see AKAP 1 shRNA Plasmid (canine): sc-270134-SH and AKAP 1 shRNA (canine) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270134-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of AKAP 1 (canine) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270134A, sc-270134B and sc-270134C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

AKAP 1 siRNA (canine) is recommended for the inhibition of AKAP 1 expression in canine cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor AKAP 1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: AKAP 1 (canine)-PR: sc-270134-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Fang, Y., et al. 2024. AKAP1 in renal patients with AHF to reduce ferroptosis of cardiomyocyte. *Heart Surg. Forum* 27: E028-E037.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.