



# HES1 siRNA (r): sc-270146

## BACKGROUND

The *Drosophila* Hairy and enhancer of split genes encode basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) transcriptional repressors that function in the Notch signaling pathway and control segmentation and neural development during embryogenesis. The mammalian homolog of *Drosophila* Hairy and enhancer of split are the HES gene family members HES1-6, which also encode bHLH transcriptional repressors that regulate myogenesis and neurogenesis. The HES family members form a complex with TLE, the mammalian homolog of groucho, and this interaction is mediated by the carboxy-terminal WRPW motif of the HES proteins. The HES/TLE complex functions by directly binding to DNA instead of interfering with activator proteins. Most HES family members, including HES1 and HES5, preferentially bind to the N box (CACNAG) as opposed to the E box (CANNTG). HES1 and HES2 are expressed in a variety of adult and embryonic tissues.

## REFERENCES

1. Sasai, Y., et al. 1992. Two mammalian helix-loop-helix factors structurally related to *Drosophila* Hairy and enhancer of split. *Genes Dev.* 6: 2620-2634.
2. Akazawa, C., et al. 1992. Molecular characterization of a rat negative regulator with a basic helix-loop-helix structure predominantly expressed in the developing nervous system. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 21879-21885.
3. Ishibashi, M., et al. 1993. Molecular characterization of HES2, a mammalian helix-loop-helix factor structurally related to *Drosophila* Hairy and enhancer of split. *Eur. J. Biochem.* 215: 645-652.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Hes1 (rat) mapping to 11q22.

## PRODUCT

HES1 siRNA (r) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see HES1 shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-270146-SH and HES1 shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270146-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of HES1 (r) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270146A, sc-270146B and sc-270146C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

HES1 siRNA (r) is recommended for the inhibition of HES1 expression in rat cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

HES1 (E-5): sc-166410 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of HES1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor HES1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: HES1 (r)-PR: sc-270146-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Du, X., et al. 2013. Regeneration of mammalian cochlear and vestibular hair cells through Hes1/Hes5 modulation with siRNA. *Hear. Res.* 304: 91-110.
2. Yu, L., et al. 2015. Membrane receptor-dependent Notch 1/HES1 activation by melatonin protects against myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury: *in vivo* and *in vitro* studies. *J. Pineal Res.* 59: 420-433.
3. Yu, L., et al. 2015. Protective effect of berberine against myocardial ischemia reperfusion injury: role of Notch1/Hes1-PTEN/Akt signaling. *Apoptosis* 20: 796-810.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.