# DNA pol γ siRNA (r): sc-270290



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

DNA replication, recombination and repair, all of which are necessary for genomic stability, require the presence of exonucleases. In DNA replication, these enzymes are involved in the processing of Okazaki fragments, whereas in DNA repair, they function to excise damaged DNA fragments and correct recombinational mismatches. These exonucleases include the family of DNA polymerases (DNA pol). DNA pol  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\delta$ , and  $\epsilon$  are involved in DNA replication and repair. DNA pol  $\delta$  and DNA pol  $\epsilon$  are multi-subunit enzymes, with DNA pol  $\delta$  consisting of two subunits: p125, which interacts with the sliding DNA clamp protein, PCNA, and p50. The nuclear-encoded DNA pol  $\gamma$  is the only DNA polymerase required for the replication of the mitochondrial DNA. DNA pol  $\zeta$  is ubiquitously expressed in various tissues and mediates the cellular mechanism of damage-induced mutagenesis. DNA pol  $\theta$  is a DNA polymerase-helicase that binds ATP and is involved in the repair of interstrand crosslinks.

## **REFERENCES**

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# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Polg (rat) mapping to 1q31.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **PRODUCT**

DNA pol  $\gamma$  siRNA (r) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see DNA pol  $\gamma$  shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-270290-SH and DNA pol  $\gamma$  shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270290-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of DNA pol  $\gamma$  (r) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270290A and sc-270290B.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

DNA pol  $\gamma$  siRNA (r) is recommended for the inhibition of DNA pol  $\gamma$  expression in rat cells.

# **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

DNA pol  $\gamma$  (G-6): sc-390634 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of DNA pol  $\gamma$  gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor DNA pol  $\gamma$  gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: DNA pol  $\gamma$  (r)-PR: sc-270290-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

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