# SCD3 siRNA (m): sc-270334



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Stearoyl-CoA desaturase (SCD) is a microsomal enzyme that is required for the synthesis of oleate and palmitoleate. Oleate and palmioleate are the major monounsaturated fatty acids of membrane phospholipids, triglycerides, and cholesterol esters. SCD is also an important regulator of membrane fluidity. It exists as two well characterized isoforms, SCD1 and SCD2. SCD3 (stearoyl-coenzyme A desaturase 3) is a 359 amino acid protein that belongs to the fatty acid desaturase family, and is expressed specifically in mouse skin. No known human homolog for SCD3 exists. Utilizing iron as a cofactor, SCD3 contains a histidine box domain that may be involved in metal ion binding. SCD3 may be involved in the hair cycle of mice, and is expressed at higher levels in male skin than female. The gene encoding SCD3 maps to mouse chromosome 19 C3.

#### **REFERENCES**

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- Christianson, J.L., et al. 2008. Stearoyl-CoA desaturase 2 is required for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor γ expression and adipogenesis in cultured 3T3-L1 cells. J. Biol. Chem. 283: 2906-2916.
- Green, C.D., et al. 2011. Modulation of palmitate-induced endoplasmic reticulum stress and apoptosis in pancreatic β-cells by stearoyl-CoA desaturase and Elovl6. Am. J. Physiol. Endocrinol. Metab. 300: E640-E649.
- Maier, H., et al. 2011. Normal fur development and sebum production depends on fatty acid 2-hydroxylase expression in sebaceous glands. J. Biol. Chem. 286: 25922-25934.
- Diez-Roux, G., et al. 2011. A high-resolution anatomical atlas of the transcriptome in the mouse embryo. PLoS Biol. 9: e1000582.
- Yamazaki, T., et al. 2012. Differential induction of stearoyl-CoA desaturase 1 and 2 genes by fibrates in the liver of rats. Biol. Pharm. Bull. 35: 116-120.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Scd3 (mouse) mapping to 19 C3.

# **PRODUCT**

SCD3 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SCD3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-270334-SH and SCD3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270334-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SCD3 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270334A, sc-270334B and sc-270334C.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SCD3}}$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SCD3 expression in mouse cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

SCD (D-5): sc-515875 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SCD3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\lambda$  BP-HRP: sc-516132 or m-lgG $\lambda$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516132-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\lambda$  BP-FITC: sc-516185 or m-lgG $\lambda$  BP-PE: sc-516186 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

# RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SCD3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SCD3 (m)-PR: sc-270334-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com