AChRα7 siRNA (r): sc-270402



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

AChR α 7 (acetylcholine receptor subunit α -7), also known as NACHRA7 (neuronal acetylcholine receptor subunit α -7) or CHRNA7 (cholinergic receptor, nicotinic, α 7), is a 502 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the ligand-gated ion channel family, the acetylcholine receptor subfamily, and the α -7/CHRNA7 sub-subfamily. Existing as a homopentamer, AChR α 7 interacts with RIC3, which is required for proper folding and assembly. After binding acetylcholine, the AChR undergoes an extensive conformation change that leads to the opening of an ion-conducting channel across the plasma membrane. The gene that encodes AChR α 7 maps to human chromosome 15q13.3.

REFERENCES

- 1. Chini, B., et al. 1994. Molecular cloning and chromosomal localization of the human α 7-nicotinic receptor subunit gene (CHRNA7). Genomics 19: 379-381.
- 2. Peng, X., et al. 1994. Human α 7 acetylcholine receptor: cloning of the α 7 subunit from the SH-SY5Y cell line and determination of pharmacological properties of native receptors and functional α 7 homomers expressed in *Xenopus* oocytes. Mol. Pharmacol. 45: 546-554.
- 3. Elliott, K.J., et al. 1996. Comparative structure of human neuronal α 2- α 7 and β 2- β 4 nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits and functional expression of the α 2, α 3, α 4, α 7, β 2, and β 4 subunits. J. Mol. Neurosci. 7: 217-228.
- 4. Groot Kormelink, P.J., et al. 1997. Cloning and sequence of full-length cDNAs encoding the human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) subunits $\beta 3$ and $\beta 4$ and expression of seven nAChR subunits in the human neuroblastoma cell line SH-SY5Y and/or IMR-32. FEBS Lett. 400: 309-314.
- 5. Riley, B., et al. 2002. A 3-Mb map of a large segmental duplication overlapping the α 7-nicotinic acetylcholine receptor gene (CHRNA7) at human 15q13-q14. Genomics 79: 197-209.
- 6. Williams, M.E., et al. 2005. RIC-3 promotes functional expression of the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor α 7 subunit in mammalian cells. J. Biol. Chem. 280: 1257-1263.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Chrna7 (rat) mapping to 1q22.

PRODUCT

AChR α 7 siRNA (r) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see AChR α 7 shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-270402-SH and AChR α 7 shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270402-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of AChR α 7 (r) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270402A, sc-270402B and sc-270402C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

AChR α 7 siRNA (r) is recommended for the inhibition of AChR α 7 expression in rat cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

AChR α 7 (319): sc-58607 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of AChR α 7 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor AChR α 7 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: AChR α 7 (r)-PR: sc-270402-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Vang, A., et al. 2017. Effect of $\alpha 7$ nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activation on cardiac fibroblasts: a mechanism underlying RV fibrosis associated with cigarette smoke exposure. Am. J. Physiol. Lung Cell. Mol. Physiol. 312: L748-L759.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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