

DOCK 8 siRNA (*E. caballus*): sc-270656

BACKGROUND

DOCK 8 (dedicator of cytokinesis 8) is a 2,099 amino acid protein that contains one DHR-2 (CZH-2) domain and one DHR-1 (CZH-1) domain. One of several members of the DOCK180 family of cytokinesis-regulating proteins, DOCK 8 functions as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) that may play a role in protein activation and is thought to influence Actin organization. Defects in the gene encoding DOCK 8 are associated with the pathogenesis of autosomal dominant mental retardation (MRD2), possibly due to errors in Actin-based cytoskeletal structure. Mutations in this gene also result in the autosomal recessive form of the hyper-IgE syndrome, a rare disorder characterized by immunodeficiency, recurrent infections, eczema, increased serum IgE, eosinophilia and lack of connective tissue and skeletal involvement. Multiple isoforms of DOCK 8 exist due to alternative splicing events. The gene encoding DOCK 8 maps to human chromosome 9, which houses over 900 genes and comprises nearly 4% of the human genome.

REFERENCES

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PRODUCT

DOCK 8 siRNA (*E. caballus*) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see DOCK 8 shRNA Plasmid (*E. caballus*): sc-270656-SH and DOCK 8 shRNA (*E. caballus*) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270656-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of DOCK 8 (*E. caballus*) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270656A and sc-270656B.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

DOCK 8 siRNA (*E. caballus*) is recommended for the inhibition of DOCK 8 expression in *E. caballus* cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor DOCK 8 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: DOCK 8 (*E. caballus*)-PR: sc-270656-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.