SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

MTHFD1 (A-8): sc-271412



BACKGROUND

Methylenetetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase 1 (MTHFD1) is a 935 amino acid, folate-dependent protein that is responsible for the consecutive inter-conversion of tetrahydrofolate derivatives which drive the synthesis of purine, methionine and thymidylate. The cytosolic MRHFD1 contains three subunits, 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase, 5,10-methenyltetrahydro-folate cyclohydrolase and 10-formyltetrahydrofolate synthetase, each with distinct activities. MTHFD1 functions as a homodimer consisting of two major domains, an N-terminal containing the dehydrogenase and cyclohydrolase activities and a larger synthetase domain in the C-terminus. Mutations in the MTHFD1 gene in pregnant women are associated with an increased risk of giving birth to a child with a neural tube defect, along with a possible risk of decreased embryo survival. MTHFD1 also plays a role in migraine development, since folate meta-bolism is involved in migraine pathophysiology, mainly in migraine with aura.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MTHFD1 (human) mapping to 14q23.3.

SOURCE

MTHFD1 (A-8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-120 mapping at the N-terminus of MTHFD1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g lgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

MTHFD1 (A-8) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-271412 AC), 500 µg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-271412 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-271412 PE), fluorescein (sc-271412 FITC), Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (sc-271412 AF488), Alexa Fluor[®] 546 (sc-271412 AF546), Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (sc-271412 AF594) or Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (sc-271412 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-271412 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-271412 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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APPLICATIONS

MTHFD1 (A-8) is recommended for detection of MTHFD1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for MTHFD1 siRNA (h): sc-61082, MTHFD1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-61082-SH and MTHFD1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61082-V.

Molecular Weight of MTHFD1: 100 kDa.

Positive Controls: MOLT-4 cell lysate: sc-2233, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA





MTHFD1 (A-8): sc-271412. Western blot analysis of MTHFD1 expression in untreated K-562 (A), chemicallytreated K-562 (B, C), HCT-116 (D) and HeLa (E) whole cell lysates. Detection reagent used: m-IgGk BP-HRP: sc-516102. β -Actin (C4): sc-47778 used as loading control. Detection reagent used: m-IgG Fc BP-HRP: sc-555409 MTHFD1 (A-8): sc-271412. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human duodenum tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Sdelci, S., et al. 2019. MTHFD1 interaction with BRD4 links folate metabolism to transcriptional regulation. Nat. Genet. 51: 990-998.
- Lee, W.D., et al. 2021. Tumor reliance on cytosolic versus mitochondrial one-carbon flux depends on folate availability. Cell Metab. 33: 190-198.e6.
- Shankar, T.S., et al. 2021. Cardiac-specific deletion of voltage dependent anion channel 2 leads to dilated cardiomyopathy by altering calcium homeostasis. Nat. Commun. 12: 4583.
- Flickinger, K.M., et al. 2023. Conditional lethality profiling reveals anticancer mechanisms of action and drug-nutrient interactions. bioRxiv. E-published.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.