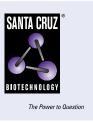
# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# TRF2 (B-5): sc-271710



# BACKGROUND

Telomeric repeat binding factor 1 (TERF1, PIN2, TRF1, TRBF1) and telomeric repeat binding factor 2 (TERF2, TRF2, TRBF2) are present at telomeres throughout the cell cycle, where they regulate telomerase by acting in *cis* to limit the elongation of individual chromosome ends. Telomerase adds hexameric repeats of 5'-TTAGGG-3' to the ends of chromosomal DNA. This telomerase enzyme plays an influential role in cellular immortalization and cellular senescence. TRF1 negatively regulates telomere elongation, while TRF2 protects the chromosome ends by inhibiting end-to-end fusions. Down-regulation of TRF expression in tumor cells may contribute to cell immortalization and malignant progression. TRF1 has an acidic N-terminus while TRF2 has a basic N-terminus. TRF2 localizes in the nucleolus at G<sub>0</sub> and S and diffuses out of the nucleolus in G<sub>2</sub> phase. During mitosis TRF2 disperses from the condensed chromosomes and returns to the nucleolus at cytokinesis.

### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: TERF2 (human) mapping to 16q22.1.

# SOURCE

TRF2 (B-5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 49-300 of TRF2 of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

TRF2 (B-5) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-271710 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-271710 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-271710 PE), fluorescein (sc-271710 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-271710 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-271710 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-271710 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-271710 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-271710 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-271710 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

# **APPLICATIONS**

TRF2 (B-5) is recommended for detection of TRF2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for TRF2 siRNA (h): sc-38505, TRF2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38505-SH and TRF2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38505-V.

Molecular Weight of TRF2: 70 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203, NAMALWA cell lysate: sc-2234 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

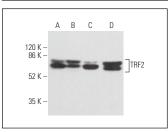
#### **RESEARCH USE**

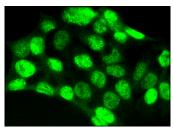
For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# DATA





TRF2 (B-5): sc-271710. Western blot analysis of TRF2 expression in K-562 (A), Jurkat (B), NAMALWA (C) and MOLT-4 (D) whole cell lysates. Detection reagent used: m-IgGk BP-HRP: sc-516102.

TRF2 (B-5): sc-271710. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed Hep G2 cells showing nuclear localization

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Qiu, W., et al. 2019. Determination of local chromatin interactions using a combined CRISPR and peroxidase APEX2 system. Nucleic Acids Res. 47: e52.
- 2. Stroik, S., et al. 2020. EX01 resection at G-quadruplex structures facilitates resolution and replication. Nucleic Acids Res. 48: 4960-4975.
- Stolarova, L., et al. 2020. Identification of germline mutations in melanoma patients with early onset, double primary tumors, or family cancer history by NGS analysis of 217 genes. Biomedicines 8: 404.
- 4. Nelson, C.B., et al. 2021. Telomeric double strand breaks in  $G_1$  human cells facilitate formation of 5' C-rich overhangs and recruitment of TERRA. Front. Genet. 12: 644803.
- Pennarun, G., et al. 2021. Increase in Lamin B1 promotes telomere instability by disrupting the shelterin complex in human cells. Nucleic Acids Res. 49: 9886-9905.
- Storchova, R., et al. 2023. Phosphorylation of TRF2 promotes its interaction with TIN2 and regulates DNA damage response at telomeres. Nucleic Acids Res. 51: 1154-1172.
- Foglio, E., et al. 2023. Doxorubicin-induced cardiac senescence is alleviated following treatment with combined polyphenols and micronutrients through enhancement in mitophagy. Cells 12: 2605.
- Al-Turki, T.M., et al. 2024. Telomeric RNA (TERRA) increases in response to spaceflight and high-altitude climbing. Commun. Biol. 7: 698.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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