

# Flt-4 (D-6): sc-28297

## BACKGROUND

Three cell membrane receptor tyrosine kinases, Flt (also designated VEGF-R1), Flk-1 (also designated VEGF-R2) and Flt-4 (also designated VEGF-R3), putatively involved in the growth of endothelial cells, are characterized by the presence of seven immunoglobulin-like sequences in their extracellular domain. These receptors exhibit high degrees of sequence relatedness to each other as well as lesser degrees of relatedness to the class III receptors including CSF-1/Fms, PDGR, SLFR/Kit and Flt-3/Flk-2. Two members of this receptor class, Flt-1 and Flk-1, have been shown to represent high affinity receptors for vascular endothelial growth factors (VEGFs). On the basis of structural similarity to Flt and Flk-1, it has been speculated that Flt-4 might represent a third receptor for either VEGF or a VEGF-related ligand.

## CHROMSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FLT4 (human) mapping to 5q35.3.

## SOURCE

Flt-4 (D-6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 8-240 of Flt-4 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG<sub>2b</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Flt-4 (D-6) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-28297 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-28297 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-28297 PE), fluorescein (sc-28297 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-28297 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-28297 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-28297 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-28297 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-28297 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-28297 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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## APPLICATIONS

Flt-4 (D-6) is recommended for detection of Flt-4 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Flt-4 siRNA (h): sc-35397, Flt-4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35397-SH and Flt-4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35397-V.

Molecular Weight of Flt-4: 150 kDa.

Positive Controls: HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270, K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203 or MES-SA/Dx5 cell lysate: sc-2284.

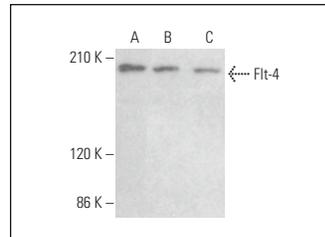
## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

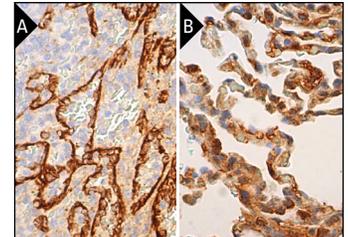
## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## DATA



Flt-4 (D-6): sc-28297. Western blot analysis of Flt-4 expression in HEL 92.1.7 (A), K-562 (B) and MES-SA/Dx5 (C) whole cell lysates.



Flt-4 (D-6): sc-28297. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human spleen tissue showing membrane and cytoplasmic staining of endothelial cells (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human lung tissue showing cytoplasmic staining pneumocytes and macrophages (B).

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- Siegfried, J.M., et al. 2012. Combining the multitargeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor vandetanib with the antiestrogen fulvestrant enhances its anti-tumor effect in non-small cell lung cancer. *J. Thorac. Oncol.* 7: 485-495.
- Zakaria, N., et al. 2014. Results of a phase I/II clinical trial: standardized, non-xenogenic, cultivated limbal stem cell transplantation. *J. Transl. Med.* 12: 58.
- Castañeda-Cabral, J.L., et al. 2018. Increased protein expression of VEGF-A, VEGF-B, VEGF-C and their receptors in the temporal neocortex of pharmacoresistant temporal lobe epilepsy patients. *J. Neuroimmunol.* 328: 68-72.
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- Yamamura, A., et al. 2021. MAZ51 blocks the tumor growth of prostate cancer by inhibiting vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 3. *Front. Pharmacol.* 12: 667474.
- He, J.H., et al. 2023. Molecular mechanism of the interaction between *Megalocytivirus*-induced virus-mock basement membrane (VMBM) and lymphatic endothelial cells. *J. Virol.* 97: e0048023.
- Yin, X., et al. 2024. Compartmentalized ocular lymphatic system mediates eye-brain immunity. *Nature* 628: 204-211.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.