**BACKGROUND**

Proteolytic cleavage of the Amyloid protein precursor (APP) gives rise to the β-Amyloid and Amyloid A4 proteins, which are present in human platelets. Amyloid deposition is associated with type II diabetes, Down syndrome and a variety of neurological disorders, including Alzheimer’s disease. The Amyloid precursor protein (APP) undergoes alternative splicing, resulting in several isoforms. Proteolytic cleavage of APP leads to the formation of the 4 kDa Amyloid β/A4 Amyloid protein. This protein is involved in the formation of neurofibrillary tangles and plaques that characterize the senile plaques of Alzheimer’s patients. APLP1 (Amyloid precursor-like protein 1) and APLP2 are structurally similar to APP. Human APLP2 is a membrane-bound sperm protein that contains a region highly homologous to the transmembrane-cyttoplasmic domains of APP found in brain plaques of Alzheimer’s disease patients.

**CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: APP (human) mapping to 21q21.3; App (mouse) mapping to 16 C3.3.

**SOURCE**

β-Amyloid (B-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 672-714 of Amyloid A4 representing full length β-Amyloid of human origin.

**PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG2a kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

β-Amyloid (B-4) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-28365 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IF; to HRP (sc-28365 HRP), 200 µg/ml for WB, IHC (P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-28365 PE), fluorescein (sc-28365 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-28365 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-28365 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-28365 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-28365 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-28365 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-28365 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

**APPLICATIONS**

β-Amyloid (B-4) is recommended for detection of β-Amyloid and Amyloid A4 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation (1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000). β-Amyloid (B-4) is also recommended for detection of β-Amyloid and Amyloid A4 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for APP siRNA (h): sc-29677, APP siRNA (m): sc-29678, APP shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29677-SH, APP shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29678-SRi, APP shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29677-V and APP shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29678-V.

Molecular Weight of β-Amyloid: 4-46 kDa.

Molecular Weight of Amyloid A4: 100-125 kDa.

**STORAGE**

Store at 4°C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

**DATA**

**SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**


**RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Alexa Fluor® is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Oregon, USA.