# AR siRNA (m): sc-29203



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Androgens exhibit a wide range of effects on the development, maintenance and regulation of male phenotype and male reproductive physiology. The androgen receptor (AR) is a member of the steroid superfamily of ligand-dependent transcription factors. ARs bind the two biologically active androgens, testosterone (T) and dihydrotestosterone (DHT), with high and nearly identical affinities; however, the rates of association and dissociation of T are about three times more rapid than those of DHT. This difference has resulted in speculation as to whether these differences in binding kinetics could account for the different physiological effects of T and DHT. A striking feature of AR is its rapid degradation in the absence of ligand. It is now well established that androgen binding results in an at least six-fold increase in androgen stability and that ligand-induced stabilization of AR is highly androgen-specific.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Walsh, P.C., et al. 1974. Familial incomplete male pseudohermaphroditism type 2: decreased dihydrotestosterone formation in pseudovaginal perineoscrotal hypospadias. N. Engl. J. Med. 291: 944-949.
- 2. Imperato-McGinley, J., et al. 1974. Steroid  $5\alpha$ -reductase deficiency in man: an inherited form of male pseudohermaphroditism. Science 186: 1213-1215.
- Wilson, E.M., et al. 1976. Binding properties of androgen receptors: evidence for identical receptors in rat testis, epididymis and prostate.
  J. Biol. Chem. 251: 5620-5629.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Ar (mouse) mapping to X C3.

# **PRODUCT**

AR siRNA (m) is a pool of 4 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see AR shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29203-SH and AR shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29203-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of AR (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-29203A, sc-29203B, sc-29203C and sc-29203D.

# STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

AR siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of AR expression in mouse cells

# **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

AR (AN1-15): sc-56824 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of AR gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor AR gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: AR (m)-PR: sc-29203-PR (20  $\mu$ I, 520 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Castoria, G., et al. 2011. Androgen-induced cell migration: role of androgen receptor/filamin A association. PLoS ONE 6: e17218.
- Zhang, S., et al. 2012. Sertoli cell-specific expression of metastasisassociated protein 2 (MTA2) is required for transcriptional regulation of the follicle-stimulating hormone receptor (FSHR) gene during spermatogenesis. J. Biol. Chem. 287: 40471-40483.
- Liu, X.H., et al. 2012. Nandrolone, an anabolic steroid, stabilizes Numb protein through inhibition of MDM2 in C2C12 myoblasts. J. Androl. 33: 1216-1223.
- Xu, Y., et al. 2019. LKB1 suppresses androgen synthesis in a mouse model of hyperandrogenism via IGF-1 signaling. FEBS Open Bio 9: 1817-1825.
- Fu, S., et al. 2021. Androgen receptor regulates the proliferation of myoblasts under appropriate or excessive stretch through IGF-1 receptor mediated p38 and ERK1/2 pathways. Nutr. Metab. 18: 85.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com