# cytochrome c-s siRNA (m): sc-29293



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Cytochrome c is a well characterized mobile electron transport protein essential to energy conversion in all aerobic organisms. In mammalian cells, this highly conserved protein is normally localized to the mitochondrial intermembrane space. More recent studies have identifed cytosolic cytochrome c as a factor necessary for activation of apoptosis. During apoptosis, cytochrome c is translocated from the mitochondrial membrane to the cytosol, where it is required for activation of caspase-3 (CPP32). Overexpression of Bcl-2 has been shown to prevent the translocation of cytochrome c, thereby blocking the apoptotic process. Overexpression of Bax has been shown to induce the release of cytochrome c and to induce cell death. The release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria is thought to trigger an apoptotic cascade, whereby Apaf-1 binds to Apaf-3 (caspase-9) in a cytochrome c-dependent manner, leading to caspase-9 cleavage of caspase-3. In rodents, there are two forms of cytochrome c, designated cytochrome c-s (somatic) and cytochrome c-t (testis).

## **REFERENCES**

- Gonzales, D.H., et al. 1990. Biogenesis of mitochrondrial c-type cytochromes. J. Bioenerg. Biomembr. 22: 753-768.
- Lehninger, A.L., et al. 1993. Principles of Biochemistry, 2nd ed. New York: Worth Publishers, Inc., 480-483.
- Liu, X., et al. 1996. Induction of apoptotic program in cell-free extracts: requirement for dATP and cytochrome c. Cell 86: 147-157.
- Yang, J., et al. 1997. Prevention of apoptosis by Bcl-2: release of cytochrome c from mitochondria blocked. Science 275: 1129-1132.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cycs (mouse) mapping to 6 B2.3.

# **PRODUCT**

cytochrome c-s siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see cytochrome c-s shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29293-SH and cytochrome c-s shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29293-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of cytochrome c-s (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-29293A, sc-29293B and sc-29293C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

cytochrome c-s siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of cytochrome c-s expression in mouse cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

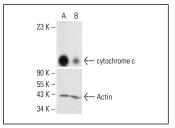
## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

cytochrome c (A-8): sc-13156 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of cytochrome c-s gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor cytochrome c-s gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: cytochrome c-s (m)-PR: sc-29293-PR (20  $\mu$ I, 551 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **DATA**



cytochrome c-s siRNA (m): sc-29293. Western blot analysis of cytochrome c expression in non-transfected control (A) and cytochrome c-s siRNA transfected (B) TK-1 cells. Blot probed with cytochrome c (A-8): sc-13156. Actin (I-19): sc-1616 used as specificity and leading control.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

 Deepak Roshan, V.G., et al. 2018. Cyclin D1 overexpression associated with activation of Stat3 in oral carcinoma patients from South India. J. Cancer Res. Ther. 14: 403-408.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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