# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# IL-23R (3D7): sc-293485



## BACKGROUND

The p19 protein shares sequence similarity with IL-6 subfamily members and is distantly related to the p35 subunit of IL-12. p19 shows no biological activity by itself; instead, it combines with the p40 subunit of IL-12 to form a biologically active, composite cytokine, IL-23. IL-23 shares some in vivo functions with IL-12, including the activation of the transcription factor Stat4. Also similar to IL-12, human IL-23 stimulates IFN- $\gamma$  production and proliferation in PHA blast T cells, as well as in CD45RO (memory) T cells. Ubiquitous transgenic expression of the IL-23 subunit p19 induces multiorgan inflammation, runting, infertility, and premature death. The receptors for each appear to share one subunit, but also have at least one distinct subunit. Activated dendritic cells secrete detectable levels of this heterodimeric complex and IL-23R (IL-23R1 to 6) can be generated through alternative splicing. The IL-23R2 and/or IL-23R4 variants are predominantly detected in certain human lung carcinomas and may contribute to their pathogenesis.

# REFERENCES

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- Wiekowski, M.T., et al. 2001. Ubiquitous transgenic expression of the IL-23 subunit p19 induces multiorgan inflammation, runting, infertility, and premature death. J. Immunol. 166: 7563-7570.
- Frucht, D.M. 2002. IL-23: a cytokine that acts on memory T cells. Sci. STKE 2002: pe1.
- Cooper, A.M., et al. 2002. Mice lacking bioactive IL-12 can generate protective, antigen-specific cellular responses to mycobacterial infection only if the IL-12 p40 subunit is present. J. Immunol. 168: 1322-1327.
- Watford, W.T., et al. 2004. Signaling by IL-12 and IL-23 and the immunoregulatory roles of Stat4. Immunol. Rev. 202: 139-156.
- 6. Vanden Eijnden, S., et al. 2005. IL-23 up-regulates IL-10 and induces IL-17 synthesis by polyclonally activated naive T cells in human. Eur. J. Immunol. 35: 469-475.
- Zhang, X.Y., et al. 2006. Identification and expression analysis of alternatively spliced isoforms of human interleukin-23 receptor gene in normal lymphoid cells and selected tumor cells. Immunogenetics 57: 934-943.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IL23R (human) mapping to 1p31.3.

## SOURCE

IL-23R (3D7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 553-628 representing partial length IL-23R of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g~lgG_{2a}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## APPLICATIONS

IL-23R (3D7) is recommended for detection of IL-23R of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for IL-23R siRNA (h): sc-60834, IL-23R shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60834-SH and IL-23R shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60834-V.

Molecular Weight of IL-23R: 69 kDa.

Positive Controls: A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201.

## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

#### DATA



IL-23H (3D7); sc-293485. Western blot analysis of IL-23 expression in A-431 whole cell lysate. IL-23R (3D7): sc-293485. Western blot analysis of humar recombinant IL-23R fusion protein.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.