

# Lamin A/C siRNA (m): sc-29385

## BACKGROUND

A unique family of cysteine proteases has been described that differs in sequence, structure and substrate specificity from any previously described protease family. This family, termed Ced-3/ICE, is comprised of ICE, CPP32, ICH-1/Nedd-2, Tx, Mch2, Mch3 (ICE-LAP3 or CMH-1), Mch4 and ICE-LAP6. Ced-3/ICE family members function as key components of the apoptotic machinery and act to destroy specific target proteins which are critical to cellular longevity. Nuclear lamins are critical to maintaining the integrity of the nuclear envelope and cellular morphology. The nuclear Lamin A is cleaved by Mch2, but not CPP32. Nuclear Lamin B is fragmented as a consequence of apoptosis by an unidentified member of the ICE family. Lamin C is a splice variant of Lamin A, differing only at the carboxy-terminus. Lamins A and C are identical for the first 566 amino acids, with Lamin C differing only in six unique carboxy-terminal amino acids.

## REFERENCES

- McKeon, F.D., et al. 1986. Homologies in both primary and secondary structure between nuclear envelope and intermediate filament proteins. *Nature* 319: 463-468.
- Fisher, D.Z., et al. 1986. cDNA sequencing of nuclear Lamins A and C reveals primary and secondary structure homology to intermediate filament proteins. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83: 6450-6454.
- Moir, R.D., et al. 1995. The dynamic properties and possible functions of nuclear lamins. *Int. Rev. Cytol.* 162B: 141-182.
- Duan, H., et al. 1996. ICE-LAP3, a novel mammalian homologue of the *Caenorhabditis elegans* cell death protein Ced-3 is activated during Fas- and tumor necrosis factor-induced apoptosis. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 1621-1625.
- Duan, H., et al. 1996. ICE-LAP6, a novel member of the ICE/Ced-3 gene family, is activated by the cytotoxic T cell protease granzyme B. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 16720-16724.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Lmna (mouse) mapping to 3 F1.

## PRODUCT

Lamin A/C siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Lamin A/C shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29385-SH and Lamin A/C shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29385-V as alternate gene silencing products.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

Lamin A/C siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Lamin A/C expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Lamin A/C (E-1): sc-376248 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Lamin A/C gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Lamin A/C gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Lamin A/C (m)-PR: sc-29385-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 542 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Khan, A.U., et al. 2021. Lamin A/C-dependent translocation of megakaryoblastic leukemia-1 and  $\beta$ -catenin in cyclic strain-induced osteogenesis. *Cells* 10: 3518.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.