

α_1 D-AR siRNA (m): sc-29621

BACKGROUND

α_1 D-adrenergic receptors (α_1 D-ARs) couple to $G_{q/11}$ and participate directly in sympathetic regulation of systemic blood pressure by vasoconstriction. α_1 D-AR can form hetero-oligomers with α_1 B receptors. α_1 D-AR transcripts are abundant in prostate and aorta. α_1 A adrenergic receptors (α_1 A-ARs) mediate actions in the sympathetic nervous system through the binding of the catecholamines, epinephrine and norepinephrine. α_1 A-adrenergic receptors couple to $G_{q/11}$ and regulate blood pressure due to changes in vascular tone and cardiac output. Alternative splicing of this gene generates four isoforms with distinct C-termini, and the different expression profile of these subtypes produces distinct patterns of activation. α_1 A-AR transcripts are abundant in heart, brain, liver and prostate. α_1 A-AR transcript sizes of 6.0, 4.0, 3.0 and 2.0 kb have been detected in liver. α_1 A-AR transcript sizes of 6.0, 4.0 and 3.0 kb transcripts have been detected in heart, and 6.0 kb and 4.0 kb transcripts have been detected in prostate.

REFERENCES

1. Hausdorff, W.P., et al. 1990. Two kinases mediate agonist-dependent phosphorylation and desensitization of the β_2 -adrenergic receptor. *Symp. Soc. Exp. Biol.* 44: 225-240.
2. Cotecchia, S., et al. 1990. Multiple second messenger pathways of α -adrenergic receptor subtypes expressed in eukaryotic cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 265: 63-69.
3. Bertin, B., et al. 1992. Functional expression of the human serotonin 5-HT1A receptor in *Escherichia coli*. Ligand binding properties and interaction with recombinant G protein α -subunits. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 8200-8206.
4. Levy, F.O., et al. 1992. Molecular cloning of a human gene (S31) encoding a novel serotonin receptor mediating inhibition of adenylyl cyclase. *FEBS Lett.* 296: 201-206.
5. Weinberg, D.H., et al. 1994. Cloning, expression and characterization of human α adrenergic receptors α_{1a} , α_{1b} and α_{1c} . *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 201: 1296-1304.
6. Pandey, S.C., et al. 1995. Phosphoinositide system-linked serotonin receptor subtypes and their pharmacological properties and clinical correlates. *J. Psychiatry Neurosci.* 20: 215-225.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Adra1d (mouse) mapping to 2 F1.

PRODUCT

α_1 D-AR siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see α_1 D-AR shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29621-SH and α_1 D-AR shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29621-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of α_1 D-AR (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-29621A, sc-29621B and sc-29621C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

α_1 D-AR siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of α_1 D-AR expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

α_1 D-AR (F-10): sc-390884 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of α_1 D-AR gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor α_1 D-AR gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: α_1 D-AR (m)-PR: sc-29621-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.