

Bek siRNA (m): sc-29799

BACKGROUND

Acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) are members of a family of multifunctional polypeptide growth factors that stimulate proliferation of cells of mesenchymal, epithelial and neuroectodermal origin. Like other growth factors, FGFs act by binding and activating specific cell surface receptors. These include the Flg receptor or FGFR-1, the Bek receptor (or FGFR-2), FGFR-3, FGFR-4, FGFR-5 and FGFR-6. These receptors usually contain an extracellular ligand-binding region containing three immunoglobulin-like domains, a transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The gene encoding human Bek (also designated K-sam) maps to chromosome 10q26 and is alternatively spliced to produce several isoforms. Heterogeneous mutations in Bek are associated with a range of craniosynostosis syndromes including Pfeiffer syndrome, Crouzon syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome and Apert syndrome.

REFERENCES

1. Rifkin, D.B. and Moscatelli, D. 1989. Recent developments in the cell biology of fibroblast growth factor. *J. Cell Biol.* 109: 1-6.
2. Dionne, C.A., et al. 1990. Cloning and expression of two distinct high-affinity receptors cross-reacting with acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors. *EMBO J.* 9: 2685-2692.
3. Mansukhani, A., et al. 1992. Characterization of the murine Bek fibroblast growth factor (FGF) receptor: activation by three members of the FGF family and requirement for heparin. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 3305-3309.
4. Kishi, T., et al. 1994. A soluble form of K-sam/FGFR2 protein in the culture medium of human gastric cancer cells. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 202: 1387-1394.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Fgfr2 (mouse) mapping to 7 F3.

PRODUCT

Bek siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Bek shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29799-SH and Bek shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29799-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Bek (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-29799A, sc-29799B and sc-29799C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Bek siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Bek expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Bek (C-8): sc-6930 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Bek gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:

1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Bek gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Bek (m)-PR: sc-29799-PR (20 μ l, 551 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Giulianelli, S., et al. 2008. Carcinoma-associated fibroblasts activate progesterone receptors and induce hormone independent mammary tumor growth: a role for the FGF-2/FGFR-2 axis. *Int. J. Cancer* 123: 2518-2531.
2. Larrieu-Lahargue, F., et al. 2012. Blocking fibroblast growth factor receptor signaling inhibits tumor growth, lymphangiogenesis, and metastasis. *PLoS ONE* 7: e39540.
3. Li, S., et al. 2021. The protective effects of fibroblast growth factor 10 against hepatic ischemia-reperfusion injury in mice. *Redox Biol.* 40: 101859.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.