

casein kinase I α siRNA (m): sc-29913

BACKGROUND

Casein kinase I (also designated CKI) and casein kinase II (CKII) compose a family of serine/threonine protein kinases which are present in all eukaryotes examined to date. Casein kinase I family members, which include casein kinase I α , I γ , I δ and I ϵ , have been implicated in the control of cytoplasmic and nuclear processes, including DNA replication and repair, membrane trafficking, circadian rhythm, cell cycle progression, chromosome segregation, apoptosis and cellular differentiation. Casein kinase I α , also known as CSNK1A1L, is a 337 amino acid protein that shares a high degree of sequence similarity with the α isoform of casein kinase 1. Casein kinase I α resides in the cytoplasm and participates in the Wnt signaling pathway. By utilizing ATP within its protein kinase domain, Casein kinase I α phosphorylates a large number of proteins.

REFERENCES

- Lozeman, F.J., et al. 1990. Isolation and characterization of human cDNA clones encoding the α and the α' subunits of casein kinase II. *Biochemistry* 29: 8436-8447.
- Tuazon, P.T., et al. 1991. Casein kinase I and II—multipotential Serine protein kinases: structure, function, and regulation. *Adv. Second Messenger Phosphoprotein Res.* 23: 123-164.
- Litchfield, D.W., et al. 1993. Casein kinase II in signal transduction and cell cycle regulation. *Mol. Cell. Biochem.* 127-128: 187-199.
- Graves, P.R., et al. 1993. Molecular cloning, expression, and characterization of a 49 kDa casein kinase I isoform from rat testis. *J. Biol. Chem.* 268: 6394-6401.
- Zhai, L., et al. 1995. Casein kinase I γ subfamily. Molecular cloning, expression, and characterization of three mammalian isoforms and complementation of defects in the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* YCK genes. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 12717-12724.
- Allende, J.E., et al. 1995. Protein kinases. 4. Protein kinase CK2: an enzyme with multiple substrates and a puzzling regulation. *FASEB J.* 9: 313-323.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Csnk1a1 (mouse) mapping to 18 E1.

PRODUCT

casein kinase I α siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see casein kinase I α shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29913-SH and casein kinase I α shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29913-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of casein kinase I α (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-29913A, sc-29913B and sc-29913C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

casein kinase I α siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of casein kinase I α expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

casein kinase I α (H-7): sc-74582 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of casein kinase I α gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor casein kinase I α gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: casein kinase I α (m)-PR: sc-29913-PR (20 μ l, 515 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Ma, Z., et al. 2022. Knockdown of Csnk1a1 results in preimplantation developmental arrest in mice. *Theriogenology* 198: 30-35.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.