Cytokeratin 19 siRNA (h): sc-35152



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Cytokeratins comprise a diverse group of intermediate filament proteins (IFPs) that are expressed as pairs in both keratinized and non-keratinized epithelial tissue. Cytokeratins play a critical role in differentiation and tissue specialization and function to maintain the overall structural integrity of epithelial cells and have been found to be useful markers of tissue differentiation, which is directly applicable to the characterization of malignant tumors. For example, many types of cancer cells express Cytokeratin 19 (CK19), an epithelial cytoskeletal protein within the suprabasal squamous epithelium. Cytokeratin 19 is a specific marker of moderate to severe dysplasia and carcinoma *in situ* in oral cavity squamous epithelium, and measurement of Cytokeratin 19 may be a useful marker in diagnosing hepatoma. Cytokeratin 19 fragment levels in serum have been documented as a marker for lung cancer. Clinical investigations have suggested that serum CYFRA 21-1, a fragment of Cytokeratin 19, may be among the most useful tumor markers.

REFERENCES

- 1. Van Eyken, P., et al. 1991. Immunocytochemistry of cytokeratins in primary human liver tumors. APMIS Suppl. 23: 77-85.
- Coltrera, M.D., et al. 1992. Markers for dysplasia of the upper aerodigestive tract. Suprabasal expression of PCNA, p53 and CK19 in alcohol-fixed, embedded tissue. Am. J. Pathol. 141: 817-825.
- van der Velden, L.A., et al. 1993. Cytokeratin expression in normal and (pre)malignant head and neck epithelia: an overview. Head Neck 15: 133-146
- Marceau, N., et al. 1995. Cytokeratin expression, fibrillar organization and subtle function in liver cells. Biochem. Cell Biol. 73: 619-625.
- Quillien, V., et al. 1995. Serum and tissue distribution of a fragment of Cytokeratin 19 (cyfra 21-1) in lung cancer patients. Anticancer Res. 15: 2857-2863.
- Mukhopadhyay, T. and Roth, J.A. 1996. Functional inactivation of p53 by antisense RNA induces invasive ability of lung carcinoma cells and downregulates cytokeratin synthesis. Anticancer Res. 16: 1683-1689.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KRT19 (human) mapping to 17g21.2.

PRODUCT

Cytokeratin 19 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Cytokeratin 19 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35152-SH and Cytokeratin 19 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35152-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Cytokeratin 19 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-35152A, sc-35152B and sc-35152C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Cytokeratin 19 shRNA Plasmid (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Cytokeratin 19 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Cytokeratin 19 (A-3): sc-376126 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Cytokeratin 19 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Cytokeratin 19 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Cytokeratin 19 (h)-PR: sc-35152-PR (20 μ l, 512 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Kanaji, N., et al. 2011. Cytokeratins negatively regulate the invasive potential of lung cancer cell lines. Oncol. Rep. 26: 763-768.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.