# Daxx siRNA (h): sc-35178



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Activation of the cell surface receptor Fas by Fas ligand leads to the initiation of apoptosis, a process necessary for the regulation of the immune system and tissue homeostasis. Fas-mediated apoptosis appears to involve a number of divergent and overlapping pathways. Daxx appears to be a central component of a Fas-mediated apoptotic pathway involving the activation of Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK). Although Daxx itself does not contain a death domain, it specifically binds to the death domain of Fas. Overexpression of Daxx activates the JNK pathway and enhances Fas-mediated apoptosis. The Daxx apoptotic pathway acts cooperatively with but is distinct from the Fas-mediated pathway that involves interactions between the death domain-containing protein FADD and the cysteine protease FLICE. Unlike the Fas-FADD-FLICE pathway, the Daxx pathway is sensitive to the apoptotic inhibitor protein BcI-2.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Chinnaiyan, A.M., et al. 1995. FADD, a novel death domain-containing protein, interacts with the death domain of Fas and initiates apoptosis. Cell 81: 505-512.
- 2. Hsu, H., et al. 1996. TRADD-TRAF2 and TRADD-FADD interactions define two distinct TNF receptor 1 signal transduction pathways. Cell 84: 299-308.
- 3. Fraser, A. and Evan, G. 1996. A license to kill. Cell 85: 781-784.
- Boldin, M.P., et al. 1996. Involvement of MACH, a novel MORT1/FADDinteracting protease, in Fas/APO-1- and TNF receptor-induced cell death. Cell 85: 803-815.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: DAXX (human) mapping to 6p21.32.

# **PRODUCT**

Daxx siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Daxx shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35178-SH and Daxx shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35178-V as alternate gene silencing products.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Daxx siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Daxx expression in human cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

Daxx (H-7): sc-8043 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Daxx gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz $^{\circ}$  Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz $^{\circ}$  Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz $^{\circ}$  Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Daxx gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Daxx (h)-PR: sc-35178-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 478 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Ryo, A., et al. 2007. A suppressive role of the prolyl isomerase Pin1 in cellular apoptosis mediated by the death-associated protein Daxx. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 36671-36681.
- Sharma, R., et al. 2008. 4-Hydroxynonenal self-limits Fas-mediated DISCindependent apoptosis by promoting export of Daxx from the nucleus to the cytosol and its binding to Fas. Biochemistry 47: 143-156.
- Jia, L., et al. 2008. Critical roles for JNK, c-Jun, and Fas/FasL-signaling in vitamin E analog-induced apoptosis in human prostate cancer cells. Prostate 68: 427-441.
- Pan, W.W., et al. 2013. Death domain-associated protein Daxx promotes ovarian cancer development and chemoresistance. J. Biol. Chem. 288: 13620-13630.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.