**Endoglin siRNA (m): sc-35303**

**BACKGROUND**

Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia (HHT) is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by vascular abnormalities such as dilated vessels, hemorrages, liver and lung congestion, and brain or heart ischemia. Mutations in two genes, Endoglin (also designated CD105) and ALK-1 (Activin receptor-like kinase-1, also designated TGFβ superfamilly RI), are responsible for HHT. Endoglin is mutated in HHT1 and ALK-1 is mutated in HHT2, both of which are thought to be caused by haploinsufficiency. Endoglin and ALK-1 are type III and type I members of the TGFβ receptor superfamily, respectively, that are expressed on vascular endothelial cells. Endoglin can only bind ligands of the TGFβ superfamily via association with the respective ligand binding receptors for TGFβ1, TGFβ3, Activin A, BMP-2 and BMP-7. The human ALK-1 gene encodes two protein species which exist as a result of either glycosylation or alternative splicing events. ALK-1 preferentially binds TGFβ1 and is expressed in bone marrow stromal cells, lung, brain, kidney and spleen.

**REFERENCES**


**CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Eng (mouse) mapping to 2 B.

**PRODUCT**

Endoglin siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Endoglin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35303-SH and Endoglin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35303-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Endoglin (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-35303A, sc-35303B and sc-35303C.

**STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION**

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20°C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20°C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles. Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNase-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

**APPLICATIONS**

Endoglin siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Endoglin expression in mouse cells.

**SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology’s siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36888 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 86 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

**GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

Endoglin (P3D1): sc-18838 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Endoglin gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-RTC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP:PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

**RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Endoglin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Endoglin (m)-PR: sc-35303-PR (20 µl, 580 bpi). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60°C and the extension temperature should be 68-72°C.

**SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**


**RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.