

## ErbB-3 siRNA (h): sc-35327

### BACKGROUND

The EGF receptor family comprises several related receptor tyrosine kinases that are frequently overexpressed in a variety of carcinomas. Members of this receptor family include EGFR (HER1), Neu (ErbB-2, HER2), ErbB-3 (HER3) and ErbB-4 (HER4), which form either homodimers or heterodimers upon ligand binding. Full length ErbB-3 is overexpressed in human mammary tumors. The ErbB-3 gene also produces several alternative variants, including a secreted form which negatively regulates heregulin stimulated ErbB activation. ErbB-3 heterodimerizes with Neu and binds heregulin in order to activate phosphoinositide (PI) 3-kinase. The recruitment and activation of PI 3-kinase occurs via its interaction with phosphorylated YXXM motifs in the carboxy terminus of ErbB-3.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ERBB3 (human) mapping to 12q13.2.

### PRODUCT

ErbB-3 siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ErbB-3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35327-SH and ErbB-3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35327-V as alternate gene silencing products.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### APPLICATIONS

ErbB-3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of ErbB-3 expression in human cells.

### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

### GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

ErbB-3 (G-4): sc-7390 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of ErbB-3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

### RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ErbB-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ErbB-3 (h)-PR: sc-35327-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 443 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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3. Wu, Y., et al. 2012. Expression of Wnt3 activates Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin pathway and promotes EMT-like phenotype in trastuzumab-resistant HER2-overexpressing breast cancer cells. *Mol. Cancer Res.* 10: 1597-1606.
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7. He, C., et al. 2015. YAP forms autocrine loops with the ErbB pathway to regulate ovarian cancer initiation and progression. *Oncogene* 34: 6040-6054.
8. Kim, J., et al. 2016. Anti-cancer effect of metformin by suppressing signalling pathway of HER2 and HER3 in tamoxifen-resistant breast cancer cells. *Tumour Biol.* 37: 5811-5819.
9. Shin, D.H., et al. 2018. Dual targeting of ErbB-2/ErbB-3 for the treatment of SLC3A2-NRG1-mediated lung cancer. *Mol. Cancer Ther.* 17: 2024-2033.
10. Du, J., et al. 2018. Downregulation of ErbB-3 decreases the proliferation, migration and invasion of cervical cancer cells through the interaction with MTK-1. *Oncol. Lett.* 16: 3453-3458.
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12. Li, Z., et al. 2019. Co-targeting EGFR and IKK $\beta$ /NF $\kappa$ B signalling pathways in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma: a potential novel therapy for head and neck squamous cell cancer. *Br. J. Cancer* 120: 306-316.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.