FADD siRNA (m): sc-35351



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

In contrast to growth factors which promote cell proliferation, FAS ligand (FAS-L) and tumor necrosis factor (TNF) rapidly induce apoptosis. Cellular response to FAS-L and TNF is mediated by structurally related receptors containing a conserved "death domain" and belonging to the TNF receptor superfamily. TRADD, FADD and RIP are FAS/TNF-RI interacting proteins that contain a death domain homologous region (DDH). TRADD (TNF-RI-associated death domain) and FADD (FAS-associated death domain) associate with the death domains of both FAS and TNF-RI via their DDH regions. Overexpression of TRADD leads to NF $_{\rm KB}$ activation and apoptosis in the absence of TNF. Overexpression of FADD causes apoptosis, which can be blocked by the bovine pox protein CrmA, suggesting that FADD lies upstream of ICE and possibly other serine proteases. The receptor interacting protein, RIP, associates with FAS exclusively via its DDH, and this association is abrogated in Ipr mutants. Unlike TRADD and FADD, RIP contains a putative amino terminal kinase domain.

REFERENCES

- Smith, C.A., et al. 1994. The TNF receptor superfamily of cellular and viral proteins: activation, costimulation and death. Cell 76: 959-962.
- 2. Nagata, S., et al. 1995. The FAS death factor. Science 267: 1449-1456.
- 3. Sato, T., et al. 1995. FAP-1: a protein tyrosine phosphatase that associates with FAS. Science 268: 411-414.
- 4. Cleveland, J.L., et al. 1995. Contenders in FasL/TNF death signaling. Cell 81: 479-482.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Fadd (mouse) mapping to 7 F5.

PRODUCT

FADD siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see FADD shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35351-SH and FADD shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35351-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of FADD (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-35351A, sc-35351B and sc-35351C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{FADD}}$ siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{FADD}}$ expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

FADD (G-4): sc-271748 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of FADD gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor FADD gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: FADD (m)-PR: sc-35351-PR (20 μ l, 412 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Garnett, T.O., et al. 2007. Bid is cleaved upstream of caspase-8 activation during TRAIL-mediated apoptosis in human osteosarcoma cells. Apoptosis 12: 1299-1315.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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