Ikaros siRNA (h): sc-35640



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Ikaros family members, including Ikaros and Helios, are nuclear factors that colocalize with DNA replication machinery components in higher-order chromatin structures and respond to signaling events, such as T cell activation. Helios and Ikaros bind to similar DNA sequences, and they function as hemopoietic-specific transcription factors. Members of the Ikaros family contain zinc-finger domains that are involved in DNA-binding and in the formation of homodimers and heterodimers between Ikaros family members. Expression of Ikaros is primarily detected in the thymus and spleen, where it is essential for regulating T cell specific gene transcription and for the differentiation and commitment of early hemopoietic progenitors to the B and T lymphoid lineages. Similarly, Helios expression is detected primarily in T cells and in the earliest embryonic hemopoietic precursors and in adult stem cells. Ikaros and Helios also appear to regulate cell cycle entry by inducing transcriptional repression under varying conditions and, thereby, mediate T cell activation and IL-2 mediated signaling events.

REFERENCES

- Georgopoulos, K., et al. 1992. Ikaros, an early lymphoid-specific transcription factor and a putative mediator for T cell commitment. Science 258: 808-812.
- Molnar, A., et al. 1994. The Ikaros gene encodes a family of functionally diverse zinc finger DNA-binding proteins. Mol. Cell. Biol. 14: 8292-8303.
- Sun, L., et al. 1996. Zinc finger-mediated protein interactions modulate lkaros activity, a molecular control of lymphocyte development. EMBO J. 15: 5358-5369.
- Kelley, C.M., et al. 1998. Helios, a novel dimerization partner of lkaros expressed in the earliest hematopoietic progenitors. Curr. Biol. 8: 508-515.
- Klug, C.A., et al. 1998. Hematopoietic stem cells and lymphoid progenitors express different lkaros isoforms, and lkaros is localized to heterochromatin in immature lymphocytes. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95: 657-662.
- Hahm, K., et al. 1998. Helios, a T cell-restricted lkaros family member that quantitatively associates with lkaros at centromeric heterochromatin. Genes Dev. 12: 782-796.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IKZF1 (human) mapping to 7p12.2.

PRODUCT

lkaros siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see lkaros shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35640-SH and lkaros shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35640-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Ikaros (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-35640A and sc-35640B.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Ikaros siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Ikaros expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Ikaros (E-2): sc-398265 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Ikaros gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor lkaros gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: lkaros (h)-PR: sc-35640-PR (20 μ l, 485 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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