

Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO), Cell Culture reagent: sc-358801



The Power to Question

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO), Cell Culture reagent
Product Number: sc-358801
Supplier: Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc.
2145 Delaware Avenue
Santa Cruz, CA 95060
800.457.3801 or 831.457.3800
Emergency: ChemWatch
Within the US & Canada: 877-715-9305
Outside the US & Canada: +800 2436 2255 (1-800-CHEMCALL) or call +613 9573 3112

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

OSHA Hazards

Combustible Liquid, Target Organ Effect

Target Organs

Eyes, Skin

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids (Category 4)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram none

Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H227 Combustible liquid

Precautionary statement(s)

none

HMIS Classification

Health hazard: 0

Chronic Health Hazard: *

Flammability: 2

Physical hazards: 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 0

Fire: 2

Reactivity Hazard: 0

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Aggravated Medical Condition

Avoid contact with DMSO solutions containing toxic materials or materials with unknown toxicological properties. Dimethyl sulfoxide is readily absorbed through skin and may carry such materials into the body.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: DMSO Methyl sulfoxide

Molecular Formula: C₂H₆OS

Molecular Weight: 78.13

<i>CAS-No.</i>	<i>EC-No.</i>	<i>Index-No.</i>	<i>Concentration</i>
Dimethyl sulfoxide 67-68-5	200-664-3	-	-

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

Hazardous combustion products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions – Carbon oxides, Sulphur oxides

Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Remove all sources of ignition. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store desiccated at room temperature. Store under inert gas. hygroscopic

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis
Dimethyl sulfoxide	67-68-5	TWA	250 ppm	USA. Workplace Environmental (WEEL)

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	Liquid	pH	no data available
Boiling point	189°C	Flash point	87°C- closed cup
Ignition temperature	301°C	Lower explosion limit	3.5 %(V)
Evaporation rate	no data available	Upper explosion limit	42 %(V)
Density	1.1 g/mL	Melting point/Freezing point	16 – 19°C
Relative vapor density	2.70 (Air = 1.0)	Odor	no data available
Odor Threshold	no data available	Partition coefficient	log Pow: -2.03
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available	n-octanol/water	
Water solubility	completely miscible		
Vapor pressure	0.55 hPa (0.41 mmHg) at 20 °C		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks

Materials to avoid

Acid chlorides, Phosphorus halides, Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions – Carbon oxides, Sulphur oxides

Other decomposition products

no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral LD50

LD50 Oral – rat – 14,500 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50

LC50 Inhalation – rat – 4 h – 40250 ppm

Dermal LD50

LD50 Dermal – rabbit – > 5,000 mg/kg

Other information on acute toxicity

no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Genotoxicity in vitro – mouse – lymphocyte

Cytogenetic analysis

Genotoxicity in vitro – mouse – lymphocyte

Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Genotoxicity in vivo – rat – Intraperitoneal

Cytogenetic analysis

Genotoxicity in vivo – mouse – Intraperitoneal

DNA damage

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity – rat – Oral

Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.

Carcinogenicity – mouse – Oral

Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Leukaemia Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity – rat – Intraperitoneal

Effects on Fertility: Abortion

Reproductive toxicity – rat – Intraperitoneal

Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total number of implants).

Reproductive toxicity – rat – Subcutaneous

Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total number of implants).

Effects on Fertility: Litter size (e.g.; # fetuses per litter; measured before birth).

Reproductive toxicity – mouse – Oral

Effects on Fertility: Pre-implantation mortality (e.g., reduction in number of implants per female; total number of implants per corpora lutea). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus).

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system

no data available

Teratogenicity

Developmental Toxicity – mouse – Intraperitoneal

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Specific Developmental

Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.
Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Aggravated Medical Condition

Avoid contact with DMSO solutions containing toxic materials or materials with unknown toxicological properties. Dimethyl sulfoxide is readily absorbed through skin and may carry such materials into the body.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Effects due to ingestion may include: Nausea, Fatigue, Headache

Synergistic effects

no data available

Additional Information

RTECS: PV6210000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

LC50 – Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) – 34,000 mg/l – 96 h

LC50 – Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) – 35,000 mg/l – 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 – Daphnia pulex (Water flea) – 27,500 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Mobility in soil

no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product

This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

NA-Number: 1993 Class: CBL Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Dimethyl sulfoxide) (Dimethyl sulfoxide)

Marine pollutant: No

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards

Combustible Liquid, Target Organ Effect

SARA 302 Components

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Dimethyl sulfoxide

CAS-No. 67-68-5

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Dimethyl sulfoxide

CAS-No. 67-68-5

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be complete and should be used only as a guide. The burden of safe use of this material rests entirely with the user.

10/04/2013